INSPECTION REPORT

Sedimentation Structure

N12-N

Kayenta Mine

Navajo County, Arizona

for

PEABODY COAL COMPANY



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INTRODUCTION

Sedimentation Structure N12-N is an earthen embankment, designed and constructed in 1981 by Peabody Coal Company as a temporary sedimentation structure to control runoff and sediment from the disturbed mining areas of the Kayenta Mine. The location of Structure N12-N is shown on Plate 1, Site Plan.

This inspection report contains information specific to Structure N12-N. Regional site information is presented in the "General Report, Kayenta and Black Mesa Mines, Navajo County, Arizona for Peabody Coal Company," along with the methods and results of analyses used for slope stability, hydrology and hydraulics.

INSPECTION

Structure N12-N was inspected on September 9, 1985 by an interdisciplinary team of engineers from Dames & Moore. The purpose of the inspection was to assess the safety and general condition of the structure with respect to United States Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining (OSM) regulations.

Dames & Moore's inspection was performed in accordance with applicable 30 CFR 780 and 816 regulations and included a review of the N12-N project files and a field inspection of the structure. The most current information contained in the Peabody Coal Company files includes the 1984 and current survey data and inspections performed in 1984 and 1985 by

Peabody Coal Company. The survey data developed in August 1984 was used in the analyses of the structure. Results of the field inspection are included in this report as Appendix A.

SITE DESCRIPTION

LAND USE

Structure N12-N has a 8.98-acre tributary drainage area and is located near Coal Mine Wash at the Kayenta Mine. The watershed is classified as 58% Pinion/Juniper and 42% disturbed.

EMBANKMENT

Structure N12-N is a homogeneous earthen embankment classified as a cross-valley embankment. Physical characteristics of the embankment are listed in the following table:

Structure N12-N

Embankment Residual Shale Soils Foundation Residual Shale Soils Right Abutment . . . Residual Shale Soils Left Abutment . . . Residual Shale Soils Height 8.8 ft Crest Width 15 ft Upstream Slope . . . 2.25 H : 1 V Downstream Slope . . . 3.7 H : 1 V

A cross-section of the embankment is shown on Plate 2, Existing Maximum Cross Section N12-N, A-A'.

ANALYSES

STABILITY

Structure N12-N is a category B-1 embankment. A standard category B-1 embankment has static and seismic factors of safety equal to or greater than 1.5 and 1.2, respectively, under the following conditions:

- 1. Maximum height = 15 ft
- 2. Maximum upstream slope = 1.75 H : 1 V
- 3. Maximum downstream slope = 2.5 H : 1 V
- 4. Normal pool with steady seepage saturation conditions

The N12-N embankment is lower in height and has flatter slopes than the category standard; therefore, the embankment has factors of safety greater than the design minimum.

HYDROLOGY

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers generalized computer program HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package. Structure N12-N is not in series with any other structure and therefore the spillway was analyzed using the 25-year, 6-hour storm. The storage capacity of Structure N12-N was analyzed using the 10-year, 24-hour storm.

The following parameters were used in the hydrologic analysis:

HYDRAULICS

The HEC-1 program was used to evaluate inflow to the sedimentation structure, outflow from the structure and the resulting water surface elevations. The initial conditions and results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

N12-N HYDRAULICS

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume		
Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow		
Peak Flow cfs	20	27
Volume acre-ft	0.80	0.60
Storage		
Peak Stage ft	6884.19	
Spillway Elevation ft	6887.99	
Peak Storage acre-ft	0.80	
Storage Capacity acre-ft	2.07	-
Outflow		
Peak Flow cfs Embankment Crest	0	5
Elevation ft		6890.96
Peak Stage ft		6888.75
Freeboard ft		2.21
		2121
Spillway Channel		
Flow Depth ft		0.76
Critical Velocity fps		2.0
Manning's "n"	_	0.035
Outflow Channel		
Slope %		4
Normal Velocity fps		2.1
Normal Depth ft		0.12
Manning's "n"		0.035

Approach Channel

The existing approach channel for N12-N has a U-shaped channel with following dimensions:

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

Spillway Channel

The existing spillway for N12-N has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

Outflow Channel

The existing outflow channel for N12-N has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

Channel	width .	•			•				•	•	•	21	ft
Channel	length									÷		80	ft
Side slo	pes (ho:	riz	on	tal	. to	y	er	tí	ca	1)		2:1	
Average	exit slo	ope						•				0	percent

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

STORAGE CAPACITY

The impoundment volume-elevation curve is based on site specific surveys conducted for Peabody Coal Company's August 1984 inspection, and 1985 resurveys, where available. Additionally, the most current topographic maps available were used in developing Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, N12-N.

The calculations for the sediment load entering Structure N12-N were made utilizing the Universal Soil Loss Equation with the following parameters:

1.	Rainfall Factor,	R					40
2.	Soil Erodibility	Factor, K			•		0.22
3.	Slope Factor, LS		•	•		•	5.40
4.	Cover Factor, C						0.501
5.	Erosion Control 1	Factor, P			•		1.0

The hydrologic analysis gives the storage volume required to contain the 10-year, 24-hour storm, and the remaining storage volume available for storing sediment. The existing storage capacity of N12-N and the results of the sediment inflow analysis are summarized in the following table.

N12-N STORAGE

Total Storage Capacity 2.07 acre-ft 10-year, 24-hour Storm Inflow 0.80 acre-ft Available Sediment Storage Capacity . 1.27 acre-ft Sediment Inflow Rate 0.010 acre-ft/yr Sediment Storage Life 127 yrs

REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN

GEOTECHNICS

The inspection of Structure N12-N indicated that the geotechnical problems consist of rill and gully erosion on the upstream and downstream slopes, the side slopes of the approach, spillway, outlet channel, the bottom of the approach and outlet channel, and the right and left abutments; and an uneven upstream slope. Correction of erosion is considered a periodic maintenance task and does not require remedial action. The upstream slope of the embankment should be trimmed to prevent masking of potential future problems.

HYDRAULICS

The storage capacity and spillway capacity of Structure N12-N are adequate. The spillway and outflow channels are not protected with riprap. Both channels should be protected against erosion using geotextile and gravel as shown in Plate 5. Plate 4 shows the existing spillway and outflow channel profile and Plate 5 shows the channel dimensions.

* * *

The following plates and appendix are attached and complete this inspection report.

Plate I - Site Plan N12-N

Plate 2 - Existing Maximum Cross Section N12-N, A-A'

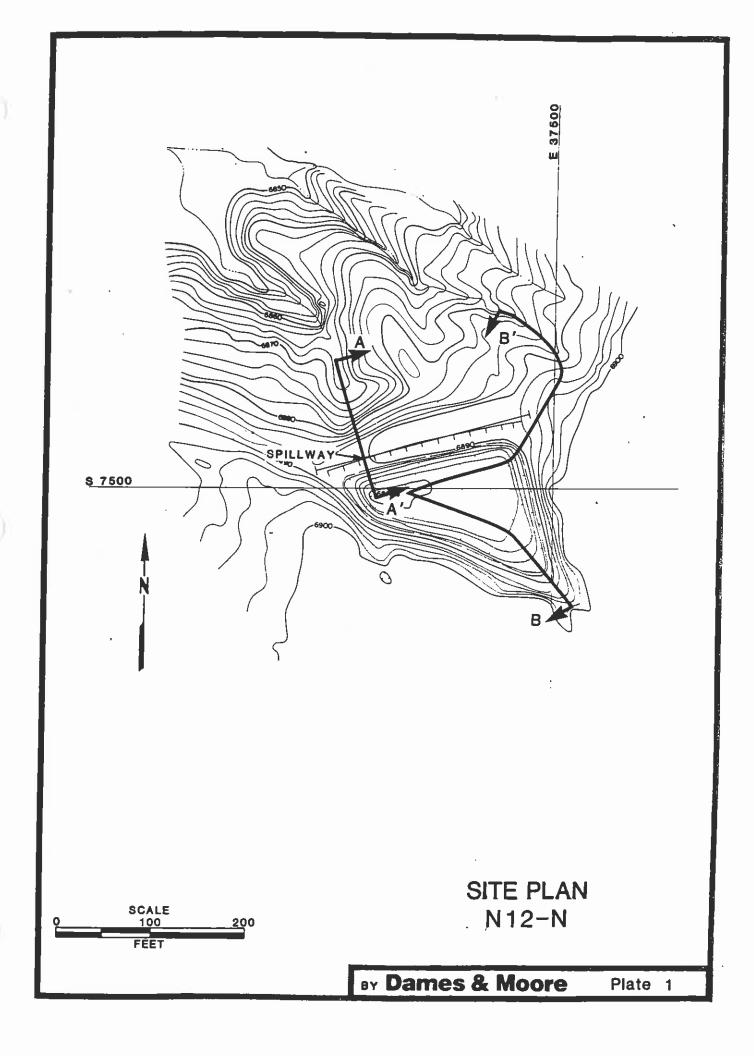
Plate 3 - Volume-Elevation Curve N12-N

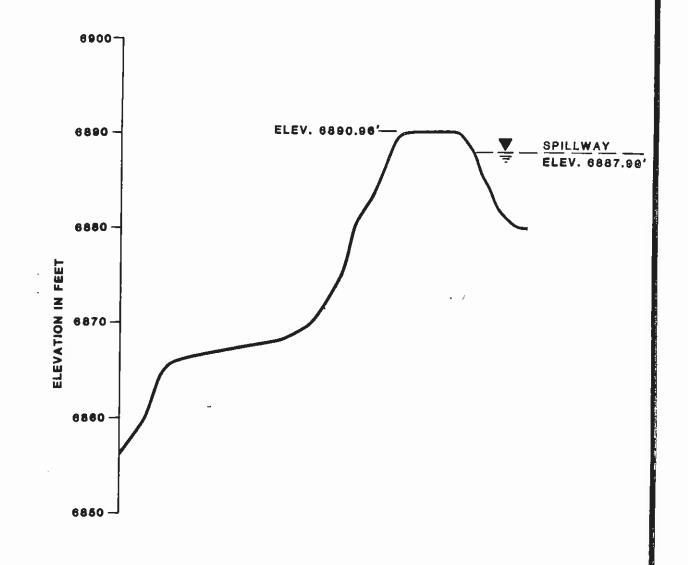
Plate 4 - Channel Profile N12-N, B-B'

Plate 5 - Spillway and Outflow Channel Cross Section N12-N

Appendix A - Inspection Check List

Appendix B - Hydrology and Hydraulic Calculations





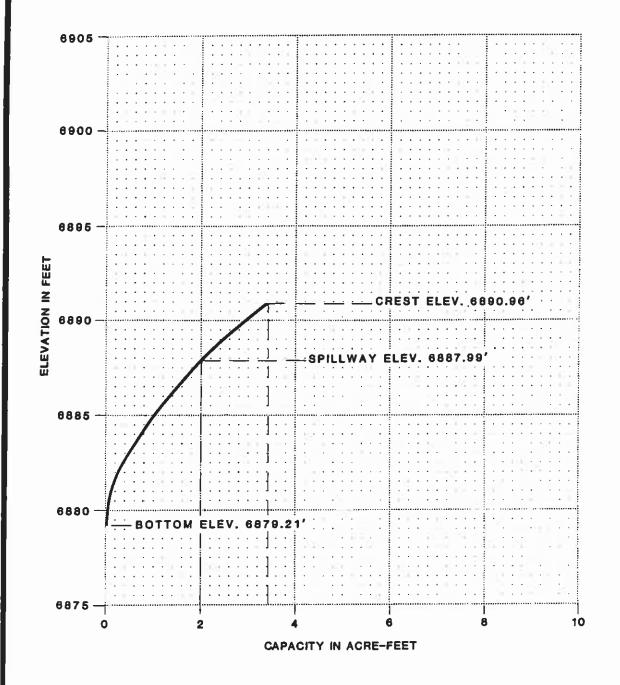


EXISTING
MAXIMUM CROSS-SECTION
A-A'
N12-N

FOR LOCATION SEE PLATE 1

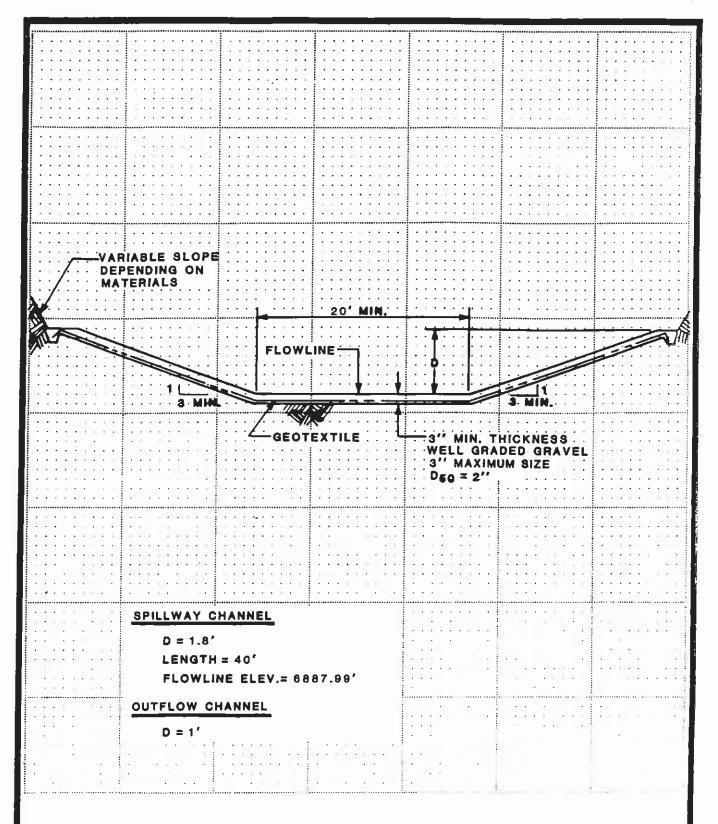
BY Dames & Moore

Plate 2



VOLUME-ELEVATION CURVE N12-N

3



SPILLWAY AND OUTFLOW CHANNEL CROSS SECTION N12-N

BY Dames & Moore

Plate 5

APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Sediment Impoundment Name: NIZ-N
Page: 4

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

ITEM	VEC	NO	REMARKS
1 1 EW.1	1.500	140	
1. CREST			15 'W
I. CRESI			
a law wisers south montal			
a. Any visual settlements?	+	X	
b. Misalignment?	├	X	
c. Cracking?	-	1	
2 IMORDEN CLORE			UNGUEN , NOT TRIMMED
2. UPSTREAM SLOPE			·
a Adamiata erace comera	1	1	24°
a. Adequate grass cover? b. Any erosion?	<u></u>	12	12:115
c. Are trees growing on slope?	X	-	14115
	-	X	
d. Longitudinal cracks?	-	X.	
e. Transverse cracks?	-	X	
f. Adequate riprap protection?	<u> </u>	X.	
g. Any stone deterioration?			NA
h. Visual depressions or bulges?		XX	
i. Visual settlements?		_	
j. Animal burrows?	_	X	
		1	و س
3. DOWNSTREAM SLOPE			(5°
		ا ر ا	
a. Adequate grass cover?		X	77.12
b. Any erosion?	X		12:11 ₅
c. Are trees growing on slope?		X	
d. Longitudinal cracks?		X	
e. Transverse cracks?		X	
f. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	<u> </u>
g. Visual settlements?		X	× / ×
h. Is the toe drain dry?			NA
1. Are the relief wells flowing?			NA.
j. Are boils present at the toe?		×	
k. Is seepage present?		إيخ	<u> </u>
1. Animal burrows?		\times	
4		1	
4. ABUIMENT CONTACT. RIGHT			
			Otto ko v L salt
a. Any erosion?	X		RIIS + Gulleys into spill way
b. Visual differential movement?		X	
c. Any cracks noted?	-	\lesssim	
d. Is seepage present?		\mathbf{X}_{\parallel}	
e. Type of Material?			gray SM
5			•
5. ABUTMENT CONTACT. LEFT			
			Rills at contact into land
a. Any erosion?	X		Kills of Millers it 12 15110
b. Visual differential movement?		×	
c. Any cracks noted?		X	
d. Is seepage present?		X	
e. Type of Material?		-	Gray SM
			1 5

Sediment Impoundment Name: N12-N
Page: 5

ITEM	YES	NC	REMARKS
6. SPILLWAY/NORMAL			
a. Location:			
Left abutment?		╀	
	- 	\vdash	
Right abutment?	X_	-	<u> </u>
Crest of Embankments?			
b. Approach Channel:	-	X.	1 100 20 2 20 2 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Are side slopes eroding?	$\perp \times$	ļ.,	Rills
Are side slopes sloughing?	 . ,	X	
Bottom of channel eroding?	X	-	Gulleys at entrance
Obstructed?		X	
Erosion protection?		Х	
c. Spillway Channel:	X	_	4.5' below Crest 21'w 40'L 0% stope From day I about mont
Are side slopes eroding?	X		From day & aboutment
Are side slopes sloughing?		X	
Bottom of channel eroding?		X	
Obstructed?		X	
Erosion protection?		X	
d. Outflow Channel:	×		ZI'W 30' to bend 50' to end 0% slop
Are side slopes eroding?	X		
Are side slopes sloughing?		×	
Bottom of channel eroding?	X		gulleys at exit
Obstructed?		X	
Erosion protection?		X	
e. Weir:		X	
Condition?			
		}	/
7. SPILLWAY/EMERGENCY			
			NA /
a. Location:	_		
Left abutment?	4-4		
Right abutment?	\downarrow		
Crest of Embankments?			
b. Approach Channel:	-		
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes sloughing?		\dashv	
Bottom of channel eroding?		[
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			
c. Spillway Channel:			
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes sloughing?	\perp		
Bottom of channel eroding?			
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			
d. Outflow Channel:			
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes sloughing?			7
Bottom of channel eroding?			/
Obstructed?		7	
Erosion protection?	1 1	7	
e. Weir:	1	/	
Condition?	1 /	+	<u> </u>

Sediment Impoundment Name: NIZ-N
Page: 6

ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS	
8. IMPOUNDMENT				
a. Sinkholes?		×	(Elev.)	feet
b. Water present?		X	(Elev.)	feet
c. Siltation?	X			
d. Watershed matches soil map?		X		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- ·	-		-	<u> </u>

Compy =25 Ground 40

APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

REVISIONS

BY _____ DATE ____ TO E0 ____

BY ____ DATE ____ TO E0 ____

TIME OF CONCENTIZATION

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE =
$$6980 - 6889 = 91$$
 ft.

WATER (OURSE LEDGLIH = $1.5(400) = 600$ ft. = 0.114 mi.

 $T_{c} = \left(\frac{11.9(0.114)^{3}}{91}\right)^{0.385} = 0.037$ hr.

LAG TIME = $0.6T_{c} = 0.022$ hr.

SCS CURVE NUMBER

DRAINAGE AREA (OC)	lover Type	HYDROLOGIC CONDITION	SOIL TYPE	WEIGHTED LURUE NUMBER
3.73	disturbed		D	94 (.42)
5,75	P-J	average	D	83 (.58)
				87.62
		100% # 25		nae <u>88</u>

BY 5.004.40 DATE 9.23-85 CHECKED BY

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA

8.98 ACRE 0.014 SO MILE

EVISIONS

Y ______ DATE ____ TO EO ____

Y _____ DATE ____ TO EO ____

UNIVERSAL BOIL LOSS ERMATON

RAINFALL FACTOR

1<= 4-

SOIL ERODIBILITY TACTOR

Soil Tire = 10070 #25

,22

K=0.22

SLOPE FACTOR

use 5,4

COUER FACTOR

EROSION CONTROL FACTOR

P=1.0

SEDIMENT INFLOW

A =
$$40(.22)(5.4)(.501)(1.0) = 23.81$$
 to | acre | year

A = $(23.81)(\frac{1}{2047})(8.98)(.95) = 0.0100$ acre-feet | year

Dames & Moore