INSPECTION REPORT

Sedimentation Structure

N2-G

Kayenta Mine

Navajo County, Arizona

for

PEABODY COAL COMPANY



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INTRODUCTION

Sedimentation Structure N2-G is an earthen embankment, designed and constructed in 1981 by Peabody Coal Company as a temporary sedimentation structure to control runoff and sediment from the disturbed mining areas of the Kayenta Mine. The location of Structure N2-G is shown on Plate 1, Site Plan.

This inspection report contains information specific to Structure N2-G. Regional site information is presented in the "General Report, Kayenta and Black Mesa Mines, Navajo County, Arizona for Peabody Coal Company," along with the methods and results of analyses used for slope stability, hydrology and hydraulics.

INSPECTION

Structure N2-G was inspected on September 7, 1985 by an interdisciplinary team of engineers from Dames & Moore. The purpose of the inspection was to assess the safety and general condition of the structure with respect to United States Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining (OSM) regulations.

Dames & Moore's inspection was performed in accordance with applicable 30 CFR 780 and 816 regulations and included a review of the N2-G project files and a field inspection of the structure. The most current information contained in the Peabody Coal Company files includes the 1984 and current survey data and inspections performed in 1984 and 1985 by

Peabody Coal Company. The survey data developed in August 1984 was used in the analyses of the structure. Results of the field inspection are included in this report as Appendix A.

SITE DESCRIPTION

LAND USE

Structure N2-G has a 27.9-acre tributary drainage area and is located near Yellow Water Canyon at the Kayenta Mine. The watershed is classified as 65% reclaimed, 30% Pinion/Juniper, and 5% disturbed.

EMBANKMENT

Structure N2-G is a homogeneous earthen embankment classified as a cross-valley embankment. Physical characteristics of the embankment are listed in the following table:

Structure N2-G

A cross-section of the embankment is shown on Plate 2, Existing Maximum Cross Section N2-G, A-A'.

ANALYSES

STABILITY

Structure N2-G is a category B-1 embankment. A standard category B-1 embankment has static and seismic factors of safety equal to or greater than 1.5 and 1.2, respectively, under the following conditions:

- 1. Maximum height = 15 ft
- 2. Maximum upstream slope = 2.0 H : 1 V
- 3. Maximum downstream slope = 2.5 H : 1 V
- 4. Normal pool with steady seepage saturation conditions

The N2-G embankment is lower in height and has flatter slopes than the category standard; therefore, the embankment has factors of safety greater than the design minimum.

HYDROLOGY

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers generalized computer program HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package. Structure N2-G is not in series with any other structure and therefore the spillway was analyzed using the 25-year, 6-hour storm. The storage capacity of Structure N2-G was analyzed using the 10-year, 24-hour storm.

The following parameters were used in the hydrologic analysis:

0.273 mi ft Elevation Difference, H 104 2. 0.097 h 0.058 h 82 2.1 Rainfall Depth, 10-year, 24-hour storm. in. 6. 1.9 in. 25-year, 6-hour storm. . 27.9 acres

HYDRAULICS

The HEC-1 program was used to evaluate inflow to the sedimentation structure, outflow from the structure and the resulting water surface elevations. The initial conditions and results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

N2-G HYDRAULICS

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow Peak Flow cfs Volume acre-ft	37 1.78	46 1.40
Storage Peak Stage ft Spillway Elevation ft Peak Storage acre-ft Storage Capacity acre-ft	6797.48 6802.19 1.78 5.52	6802.87 — — —
Outflow Peak Flow cfs Embankment Crest Elevation ft Peak Stage ft Freeboard ft	0 	4 6806.99 6802.87 4.12
Spillway Channel Flow Depth ft Critical Velocity fps Manning's "n"	 	0.68 2.0 0.035
Outflow Channel Slope	 	7 2.5 0.11 0.035

Approach Channel

The existing approach channel for N2-G has a U-shaped channel with following dimensions:

Spillway Channel

The existing spillway for N2-G has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

Channel	depth							•				•		•	4.5	ft
Channel	width					•	•			•		•		•	14	ft
Channel	length	l		٠				•						•	25	ft
Side slo	pes (h	or	12	201	nta	a 1	ti	r c	vei	tt	ica	1).		2:1	
Average	exit s	10	ре	3						•				•	0	percent

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

Outflow Channel

The existing outflow channel for N2-G has a U-shaped channel with the following dimensions:

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

STORAGE CAPACITY

The impoundment volume-elevation curve is based on site specific surveys conducted for Peabody Coal Company's August 1984 inspection, and 1985 resurveys, where available. Additionally, the most current topographic maps available were used in developing Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, N2-G.

The calculations for the sediment load entering Structure N2-G were made utilizing the Universal Soil Loss Equation with the following parameters:

- 1. Rainfall Factor, R 40
- 2. Soil Erodibility Factor, K 0.33
- 3. Slope Factor, LS 4.30
- 4. Cover Factor, C 0.19
- 5. Erosion Control Factor, P 1.0

The hydrologic analysis gives the storage volume required to contain the 10-year, 24-hour storm, and the remaining storage volume available for storing sediment. The existing storage capacity of N2-G and the results of the sediment inflow analysis are summarized in the following table.

N2-G STORAGE

Total Storage Capacity			5.52	acre-ft
10-year, 24-hour Storm Inflow	•		1.78	acre-ft
Available Sediment Storage Capacity	•	•	3.74	acre-ft
Sediment Inflow Rate			0.140	acre-ft/yr
Sediment Storage Life		•	27	yrs

REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN

GEOTECHNICS

The inspection of Structure N2-G indicated that the only geotechnical problem is rill erosion on the upstream and downstream slopes, the side slopes of the spillway channel, the bottom of approach channel, and the left abutment. Correction of erosion is considered a periodic maintenance task and does not require remedial action.

HYDRAULICS

The storage capacity and spillway capacity of Structure N2-G are adequate; however, the spillway does not have an adequate outflow channel or adequate erosion protection. A trapezoidal outflow channel should be constructed along the alignment B-B' shown in Plate 1. The channel profile is shown in Plate 4 and the required dimensions are shown in Plate 5. Both the spillway and outflow channel should be protected against erosion using geotextile and gravel as shown in Plate 5.

* * *

The following plates and appendix are attached and complete this inspection report.

Plate 1 - Site Plan N2-G

Plate 2 - Existing Maximum Cross Section N2-G, A-A'

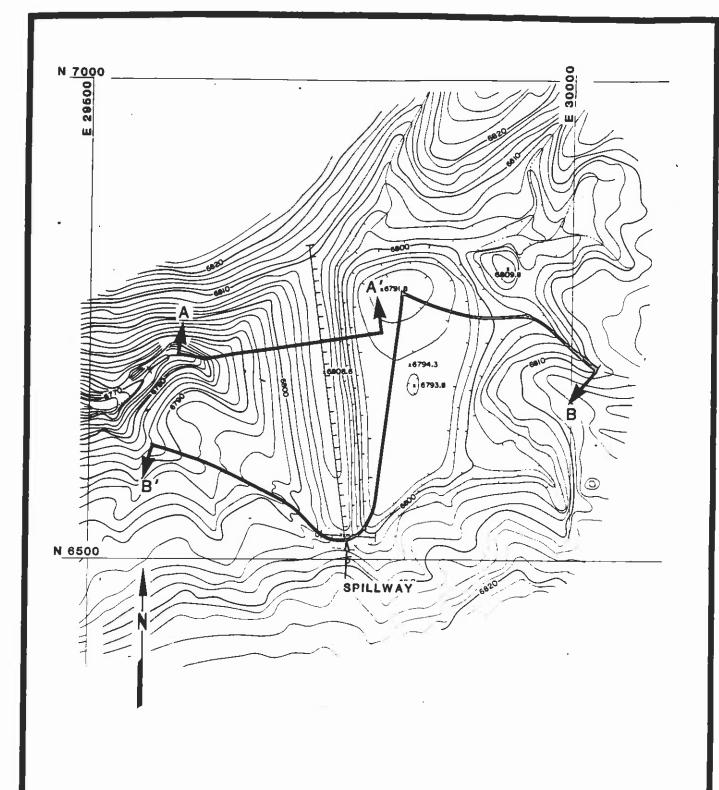
Plate 3 - Volume-Elevation Curve N2-G

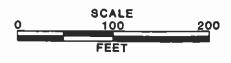
Plate 4 - Channel Profile N2-G, B-B'

Plate 5 - Spillway and Outflow Channel Cross Section N2-G

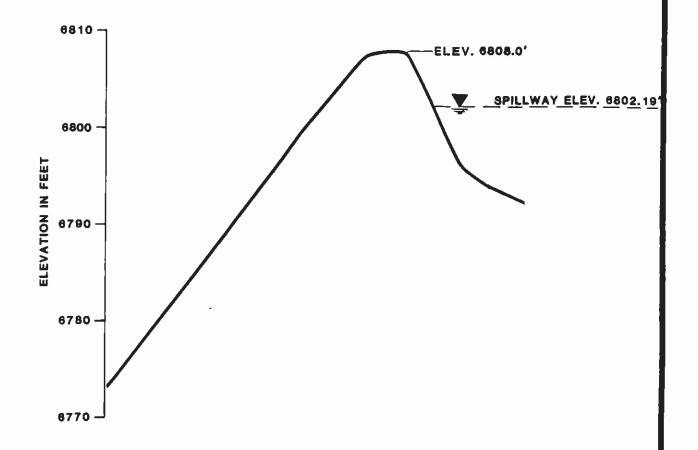
Appendix A - Inspection Check List

Appendix B - Hydrology and Hydraulic Calculations





SITE PLAN N2-G



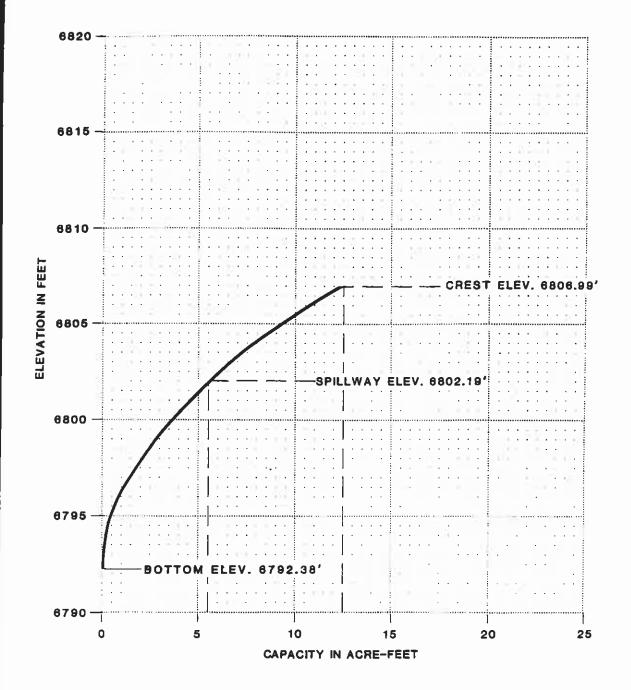


EXISTING
MAXIMUM CROSS-SECTION
A-A'
N2-G

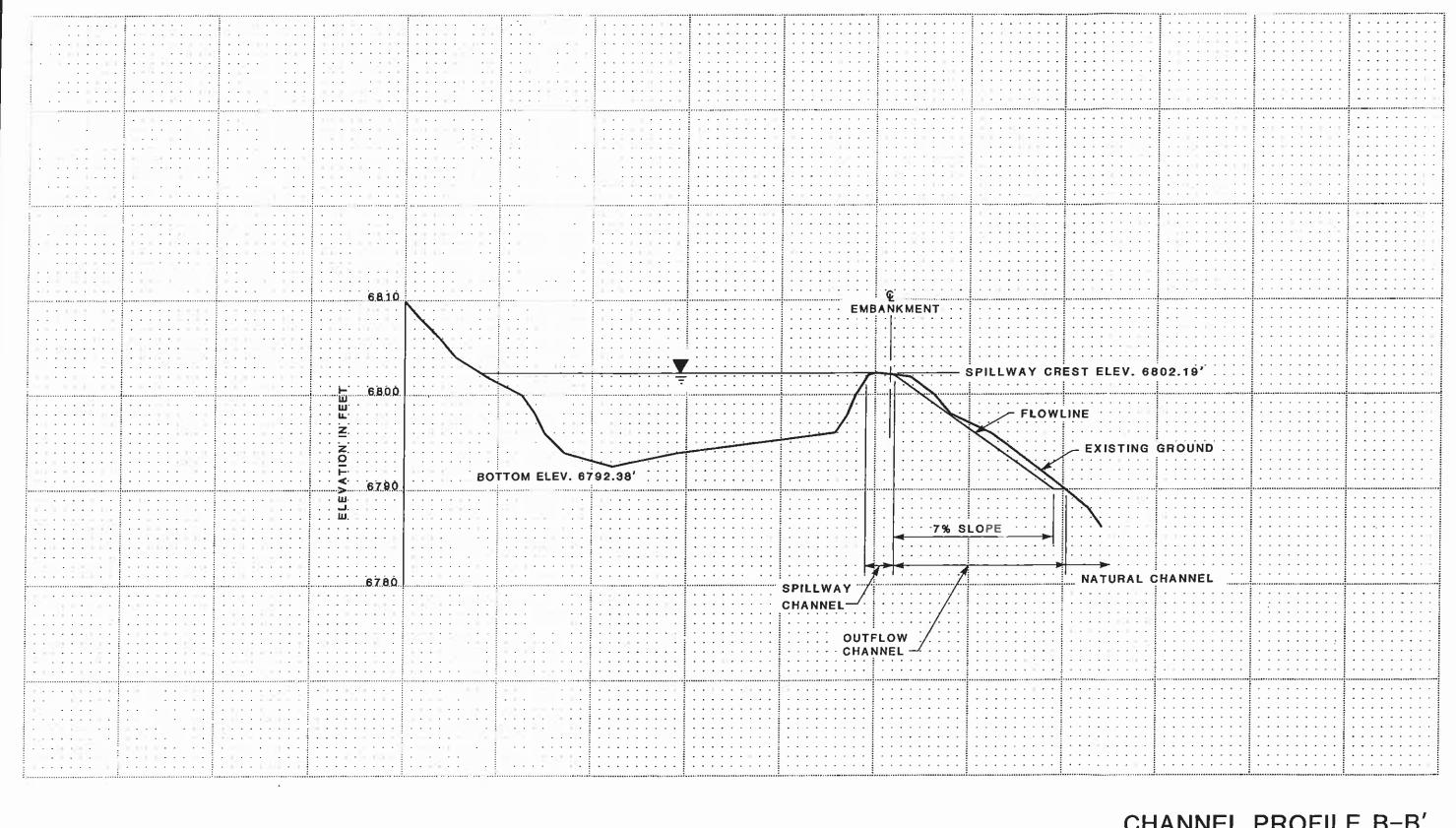
FOR LOCATION SEE PLATE 1

BY Dames & Moore

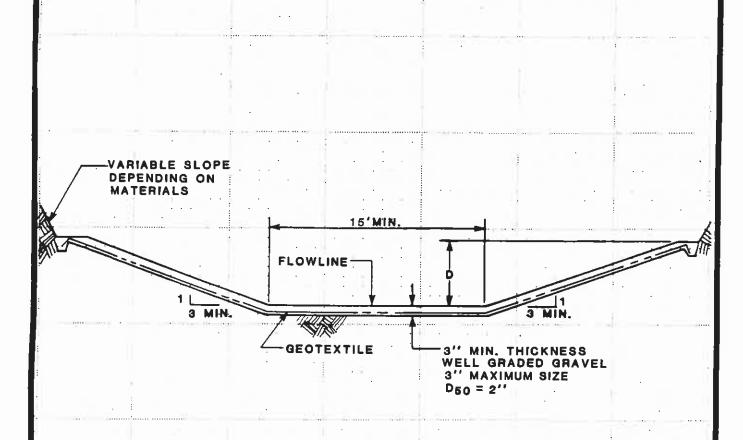
Plate 2



VOLUME-ELEVATION CURVE N2-G



SCALE 0 100 200 FEET CHANNEL PROFILE B-B' N2-G



SPILLWAY CHANNEL

D = 1.7'
LENGTH = 30'
FLOWLINE ELEV.= 6802.19'

OUTFLOW CHANNEL

D = 1'

SPILLWAY AND OUTFLOW CHANNEL CROSS SECTION N2-G

BY Dames & Moore

Plate 5

APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Sediment Impoundment Name: N2-Cr
Page: 4

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

	Tvec	NO.	DEWS DVC
ITEM	YES	MO	REMARKS
1. CREST			12' W
a. Any visual settlements?		X	
b. Misalignment?		X	
c. Cracking?		X	
2. UPSTREAM SLOPE			15°
a. Adequate grass cover?		X	
b. Any erosion?	X		Kills
c. Are trees growing on slope?		\times	_
d. Longitudinal cracks?		X	<u> </u>
e. Transverse cracks?		X	
f. Adequate riprap protection?		X	
g. Any stone deterioration?			NA _
h. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	
i. Visual settlements?		X	
j. Animal burrows?		X	
3. DOWNSTREAM SLOPE			21°
a. Adequate grass cover?		X	
b. Any erosion?	X		Kills
c. Are trees growing on slope?		\times	
d. Longitudinal cracks?		X	
e. Transverse cracks?		X	
f. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	
g. Visual settlements?		X	_
h. Is the toe drain dry?			NA
i. Are the relief wells flowing?		`	NA
j. Are boils present at the toe?		X	
k. Is seepage present?			
1. Animal burrows?		X	-
4. ABUIMENT CONTACT. RIGHT			
a. Any erosion?		X	
b. Visual differential movement?		文	
c. Any cracks noted?		$\hat{\times}$	
d. Is seepage present?		X	
e. Type of Material?		\triangle	Red brown sut & rock shallow
5. ABUIMENT CONTACT. LEFT			
a. Any erosion?	\times		Qills into Spillway
b. Visual differential movement?	- `	X	1 4
c. Any cracks noted?		(X)	
d. Is seepage present?		()	
e. Type of Material?			gren SM
e. Type of materials	1		grey SM

Sediment Impoundment Name: N 2-4 Page: 5 ITEM YES NO REMARKS 6. SPILLWAY/NORMAL a. Location: Left abutment? $\overline{\mathsf{X}}$ Right abutment? Flates to 20'W in fond Crest of Embankments? b. Approach Channel: 30'L 15'W' 5 (see 100%) Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing?
Bottom of channel eroding? Wro Buro Obstructed? Erosion protection? c. Spillway Channel: 14'W 25'L 4.5 below CHENT Are side slopes eroding? FROM R.A. Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? 20% Slope d. Outflow Channel: 120' L Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? e. Weir: Condition? 7. SPILLWAY/EMERGENCY NA a. Location: Left abutment? Right abutment?

Crest of Embankments?	
b. Approach Channel:	
Are side slopes eroding?	7
Are side slopes sloughing?	
Bottom of channel eroding?	
Obstructed?	
Erosion protection?	
c. Spillway Channel:	
Are side slopes eroding?	
Are side slopes sloughing?	
Bottom of channel eroding?	
Obstructed?	
Erosion protection?	
d. Outflow Channel:	
Are side slopes eroding?	
Are side slopes sloughing?	
Bottom of channel eroding?	
Obstructed?	
Erosion protection?	1 7 -
e. Weir:	
Condition?	171

Sediment Impoundment Name:
Page: 6

REMARKS YES NO TTEM 8. IMPOUNDMENT X (Elev.) feet a. Sinkholes? (Elev.) feet b. Water present? c. Siltation? d. Watershed matches soil map? 9. GENERAL COMMENTS OK.

Canopy C 5% Ground cover 90%

APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

BY ______ DATE _____ TO E3 ____

TIME OF CONCENTIZATION

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 6913 - 6809 = 104 ft.

WATER (OURSE LEDOWTH = 3.6(400) = 1440 ft = 0.273mi. $T_{C} = \left(\frac{11.9}{104} \left(0.273\right)^{3}\right)^{0.385} = 0.097 hr$, M

LAW TIME = $0.6T_{C} = 0.058 hr$. M

SCS Cueve Number

	COVER	Hydrocour	Soil	Weighted
ARTA (ac		(ONDITION)	TYPE	CURUE NUMBER
18.1	Post-aur Reclaimed	fair		81 (.65)
1.5	(Dirt rand)		D	89 (.05)
8,3	Pinon-Juniper	average	D	83 (.30)
		657, ±35		82.0
		35% #24		
				4104 87

BY 5. DOF 4N DATE 9-23-85 CHECKED BY

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA

27.9 ACRE 0.044 SO MILE

REVISIONS

UNIVERSAL Soil LOSS ERNATION

RAINFALL FACTOR

SUL ERODIBILITY FACTOR

K= .33

SLOPE FACTOR

COVER FACTOR

AREA (ac)	ELVER TYPE	% OVER	CANOPY (4)	WEIGHTED C
65%	reclaimed		_	.65(.15)
5%	disturbed		_	-05 (1.0)
30%	P-J	40%	25%	,30 (.14)
				C= .19

EROSION CONTROL FACTOR

P= 1.0

SEDIMENT INFLOW

$$A = 10.79 \left(\frac{1}{2047}\right)(27.9)(.95) = 0.140$$