INSPECTION REPORT

Sedimentation Structure

J28-G

Kayenta Mine

Navajo County, Arizona

for

PEABODY COAL COMPANY



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page				
INTRODUCTION	. 1				
INSPECTION	. 1				
SITE DESCRIPTION	. 2				
LAND USE	. 2				
EMBANKMENT	. 2				
ANALYSES	. 3				
STABILITY	. 3				
HYDROLOGY	. 3				
HYDRAULICS	. 4				
Spillway Channel	. 6				
Outflow Channel	6				
STORAGE CAPACITY	6				
REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN	7				
GEOTECHNICS	7				
HYDRAULICS	8				
APPENDIX A - INSPECTION CHECK LIST					
APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS					

#### INTRODUCTION

Sedimentation Structure J28-G is an earthen embankment, designed and constructed in 1982 by Peabody Coal Company as a temporary sedimentation structure to control runoff and sediment from the disturbed mining areas of the Kayenta Mine. The location of Structure J28-G is shown on Plate I, Site Plan.

This inspection report contains information specific to Structure J28-G. Regional site information is presented in the "General Report, Kayenta and Black Mesa Mines, Navajo County, Arizona for Peabody Coal Company," along with the methods and results of analyses used for slope stability, hydrology and hydraulics.

#### INSPECTION

Structure J28-G was inspected on September 12, 1985 by an interdisciplinary team of engineers from Dames & Moore. The purpose of the inspection was to assess the safety and general condition of the structure with respect to United States Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining (OSM) regulations.

Dames & Moore's inspection was performed in accordance with applicable 30 CFR 780 and 816 regulations and included a review of the J28-G project files and a field inspection of the structure. The most current information contained in the Peabody Coal Company files includes the 1984 and current survey data and inspections performed in 1984 and 1985 by

Peabody Coal Company. The survey data developed in August 1984 was used in the analyses of the structure. Results of the field inspection are included in this report as Appendix A.

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

#### LAND USE

Structure J28-G has a 59.4-acre tributary drainage area and is located near Reed Valley at the Kayenta Mine. The watershed is classified as 46% disturbed, 43% Pinion/Juniper, and 11% Sagebrush/grass.

#### **EMBANKMENT**

Structure J28-G is a homogeneous earthen embankment classified as a sidehill embankment. Physical characteristics of the embankment are listed in the following table:

#### Structure J28-G

Embankment . . . . . Residual Shale Soils Foundation . . . . Residual Shale Soils Right Abutment . . . Residual Shale Soils Left Abutment . . . Residual Shale Soils Height . . . . . . . . . 18.5 ft Crest Width . . . . . 12 ft Upstream Slope . . . 2.6 H : 1 V Downstream Slope . . . 2.1 H : 1 V

A cross-section of the embankment is shown on Plate 2, Existing Maximum Cross Section J28-G, A-A'.

#### ANALYSES

#### STABILITY

Structure J28-G is a category B-1 embankment. A standard category B-1 embankment has static and seismic factors of safety of 1.5 and 1.2, respectively, under the following conditions:

- 1. Maximum height = 30 ft
- 2. Maximum upstream slope = 2.0 H : 1 V
- 3. Maximum downstream slope = 2.5 H : 1 V
- 4. Normal pool with steady seepage saturation conditions

The J28-G embankment is lower in height; however, the downstream slope is steeper than the category standard; therefore, the embankment has factors of safety less than the design minimum.

#### HYDROLOGY

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers generalized computer program HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package. Structure J28-G is not in series with any other structure and therefore the spillway was analyzed using the 25-year, 6-hour storm. The storage capacity of Structure J28-G was analyzed using the 10-year, 24-hour storm.

The following parameters were used in the hydrologic analysis:

0.303 mi 2. Elevation Difference, H . . . . . . . 102 Time of Concentration,  $T_c$  . . . . . . . . . Lag time,  $0.6T_c$  . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.110 h 0.066 h 4. 84 2.1 in. 25-year, 6-hour storm. . 1.9 in. acres 7. Drainage Area . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 59.4

#### HYDRAULICS

The HEC-1 program was used to evaluate inflow to the sedimentation structure, outflow from the structure and the resulting water surface elevations. The initial conditions and results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

J28-G HYDRAULICS

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume		
Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow		
Peak Flow cfs	85	111
Volume acre-ft	4.26	3.47
Storage		
Peak Stage ft	6791.76	6803.62
Spillway Elevation ft	6802.90	
Peak Storage acre-ft	4.26	<b>→</b>
Storage Capacity acre-ft	23.90	
Outflow		
Peak Flow cfs	0	5
Embankment Crest		
Elevation ft		6805.00
Peak Stage ft		6803.62
Freeboard ft		1.83
Spillway Channel		
Flow Depth ft		0.72
Critical Velocity fps		2.0
Manning's "n"		0.040
Outflow Channel		
Slope	_	6
Normal Velocity fps		2.2
Normal Depth ft		0.12
Manning's "n"		0.040

#### Spillway Channel

The existing spillway for J28-G has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

#### Outflow Channel

The existing outflow channel for J28-G has a U-shaped channel with the following dimensions:

```
Channel width . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20 ft
Channel length . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 300 ft
Average exit slope . . . . . . . . . . 8 percent
```

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

#### STORAGE CAPACITY

The impoundment volume-elevation curve is based on site specific surveys conducted for Peabody Coal Company's August 1984 inspection, and 1985 resurveys, where available. Additionally, the most current topographic maps available were used in developing Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, J28-G.

The calculations for the sediment load entering Structure J28-G were made utilizing the Universal Soil Loss Equation with the following parameters:

1.	Rainfall Factor,	R					40
2.	Soil Erodibility	Factor, K			•	•	0.32
3.	Slope Factor, LS					•	3.53
4.	Cover Factor, C						0.535
	Erosion Control 1						

The hydrologic analysis gives the storage volume required to contain the 10-year, 24-hour storm, and the remaining storage volume available for storing sediment. The existing storage capacity of J28-G is shown on Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, J28-G, and the results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

#### J28-G STORAGE

Total Storage Capacity	•	. 23.90	acre-ft
10-year, 24-hour Storm Inflow		4.26	acre-ft
Available Sediment Storage Capacity	•	. 19.64	acre-ft
Sediment Inflow Rate		0.666	acre-ft/yr
Sediment Storage Life	•	. 29	yrs

#### REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN

#### GEOTECHNICS

The inspection of Structure J28-G indicated that the only geotechnical problem is rill erosion on the side slopes of the spillway channel and the right abutment. Correction of erosion is considered a periodic maintenance task and does not require remedial action. The upstream slope of the embankment is uneven and should be trimmed smooth.

The downstream slope should be flattened to 2.5 horizontal to 1 vertical to meet stability requirements. The reason for this action is that the present condition may mask evidence of potential future problems.

#### HYDRAULICS

The storage capacity of Structure J28-G exceeds the maximum allowable capacity of 20 acre-feet. The spillway elevation should be reduced to 6801.0 feet, resulting in a storage capacity of 19.22 acre-feet.

The reduced storage capacity and spillway capacity of Structure J28-G are adequate; however, the spillway and outflow channel do not have adequate erosion protection. Improvements to the trapezoidal outflow channel should be made along the alignment B-B' shown in Plate I. The channel profile is shown in Plate 4 and the required dimensions are shown in Plate 5. Both the spillway and outflow channel should be protected against erosion using geotextile and gravel as shown in Plate 5.

Lowering the spillway elevation to 6801.00 feet decreases the storage capacity and increases the freeboard. The analysis of these conditions is summarized in the following table.

#### J28-G HYDRAULICS FOR REDESIGNED SPILLWAY

		10-year	25-year
		24-hour	6-hour
	77_ d h _		
	Units	Storm	Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume			
Condition		Empty	Full to the spillway
			elevation
Inflow			
Peak Flow	cfs	85	111
Volume	acre-ft	4.26	3.47
Storage			
Peak Stage	ft	6791.76	
Spillway Elevation	ft	6801.00	
Peak Storage	acre-ft	4.26	_
Storage Capacity	acre-ft	19.22	
Available Sediment			
Storage Capacity	acre-ft	14.96	
Sediment Inflow Rate . ac	re-ft/yr	0.666	
Sediment Storage Life.	yrs	22	_
Outflow			
Peak Flow	cfs	0	6
Embankment Crest			
Elevation	ft	_	6805.00
Peak Stage	ft		6801.83
Freeboard	ft		3.17
Spillway Channel	_		
Flow Depth	ft	_	0.83
Critical Velocity	fps		2.10
Manning's "n"		_	0.035
Outflow Channel		Se	ection I Section II
Slope	%		1.5 6
Normal Velocity	fps	_	1.6 2.49
Normal Depth	ft	_	0.18 0.12
Manning's "n"			0.035 0.035

\* \* \*

The following plates and appendix are attached and complete this inspection report.

Plate 1 - Site Plan J28-G

Plate 2 - Existing Maximum Cross Section J28-G, A-A'

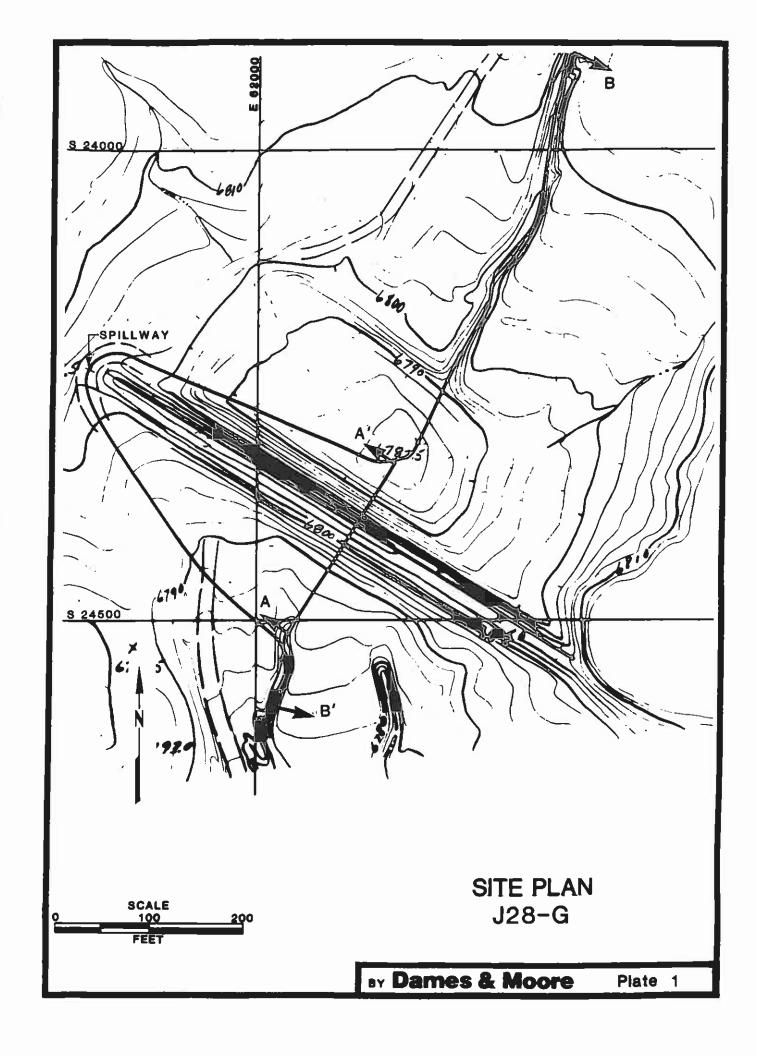
Plate 3 - Volume-Elevation Curve J28-G

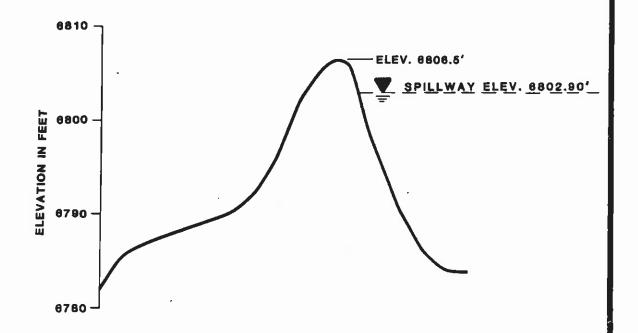
Plate 4 - Channel Profile J28-G, B-B'

Plate 5 - Spillway and Outflow Channel Cross Section J28-G

Appendix A - Inspection Check List

Appendix B - Hydrology and Hydraulic Calculations



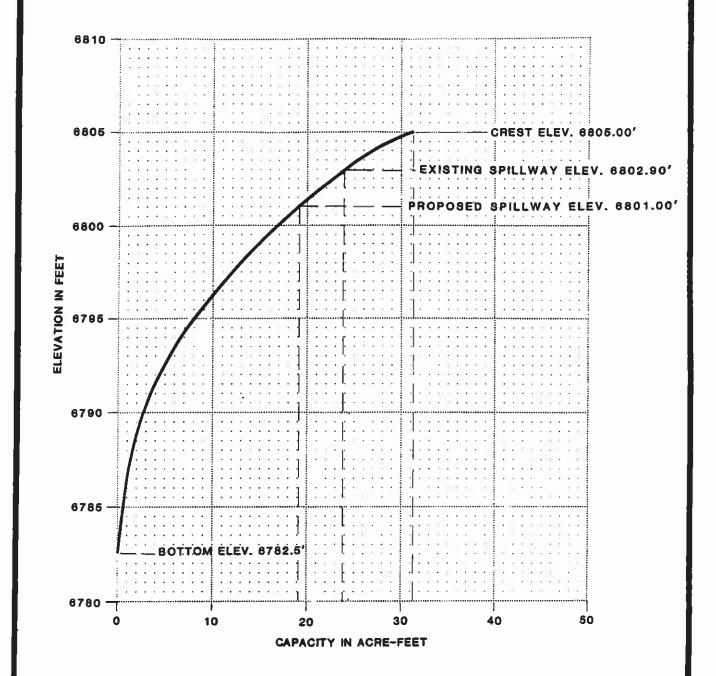




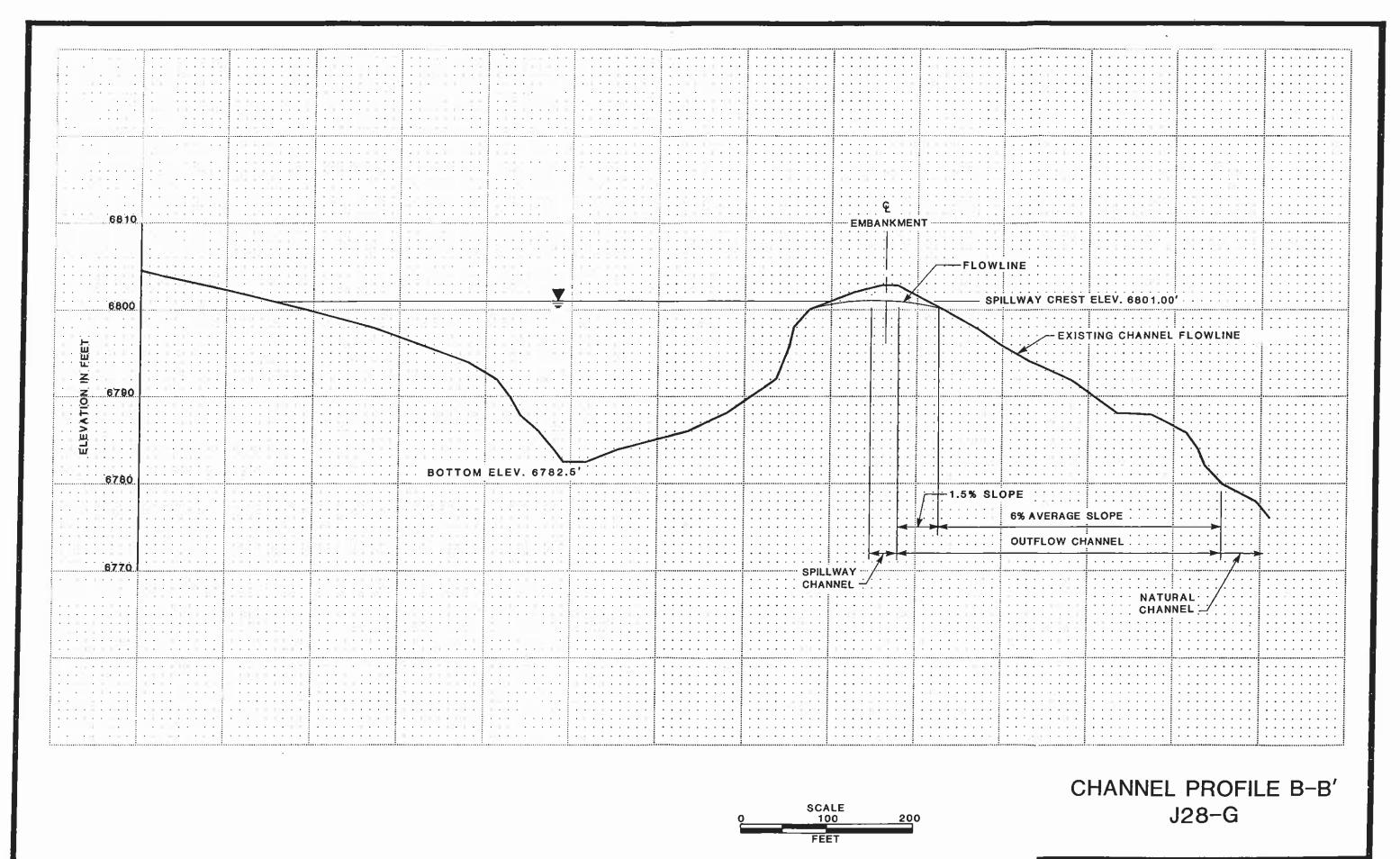
EXISTING
MAXIMUM CROSS-SECTION
A-A'
J28-G

**BY Dames & Moore** 

Plate 2



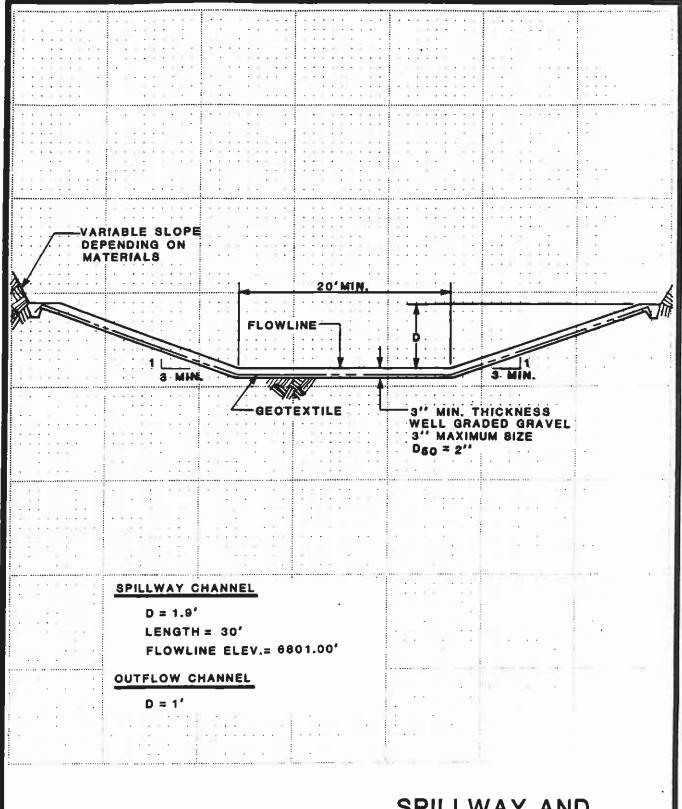
VOLUME-ELEVATION CURVE J28-G



FOR LOCATION SEE PLATE 1

**BY Dames & Moore** 

Plate



SPILLWAY AND OUTFLOW CHANNEL CROSS SECTION J28-G

**BY Dames & Moore** 

Plate 5

# APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Sediment Impoundment Name: 328-CPage: 4

### INSPECTION CHECK LIST

	VEC	Nac.	REMARKS	
ITEM	YES	NU		
			Rounded 12'w	
1. CREST				
**************************************		lu I		
a. Any visual settlements?		×		
b. Misalignment?	_			
c. Cracking?	-	-		
2			21	
2. UPSTREAM SLOPE			VERY ROUGH, gauged slope +	owa
a Adaminto grace contar?		1	LA.	
a. Adequate grass cover?	-	X		
b. Any erosion? c. Are trees growing on slope?		×		
d. Longitudinal cracks?		+-		
d. Longitudinal cracks	-	X		
e. Transverse cracks?	-	X		
f. Adequate riprap protection?		<del>  ^ -</del>	NA	7
<pre>g. Any stone deterioration? h. Visual depressions or bulges?</pre>	X		Rough see note	الــ
n. Visual depressions or bulges?	<del>  ^-</del>	X	HOWING SEE WICE	
i. Visual settlements?		X		
j. Animal burrows?		1	0	
2 - DATE OF STREET			26	
3. Downstream Slope			•	
	1	1		
a. Adequate grass cover?	-	X		
b. Any erosion?	-	+-		
c. Are trees growing on slope?		X_		
d. Longitudinal cracks?		X		
e. Transverse cracks?	-	X		
f. Visual depressions or bulges?		X		
g. Visual settlements?		X.	- (M	
h. Is the toe drain dry?		-	N/A	
i. Are the relief wells flowing?	_		NH	
j. Are boils present at the toe?		X		
k. Is seepage present?		×		
1. Animal burrows?		X		
4. ABUTMENT CONTACT. RIGHT				
			0.00 . 1	
a. Any erosion?	X		Rills judo Spillway	
b. Visual differential movement?		X		
c. Any cracks noted?		X		
d. Is seepage present?	<u> </u>	X		
e. Type of Material?		<u> </u>	moun-544	
5. ABUIMENT CONTACT. LEFT		-		
a. Any erosion?	<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>	
b. Visual differential movement?		X		
c. Any cracks noted?		X		
d. Is seepage present?		X		
e. Type of Material?			Gray SM	
		_		

Sediment Impoundment Name: 528-4

	T		20012000	
ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS	
6. SPILLMAY/NORMAL				
- Toestien.				
a. Location: Left abutment?	+	-		
Right abutment?	×		<del> </del>	
Crest of Embankments?	+^	$\vdash$	<del></del>	
b. Approach Channel:		X		
Are side slopes eroding?	+			
Are side slopes sloughing?	$\dashv$	-	<del></del>	
Bottom of channel eroding?				
Obstructed?	+-	<del>                                     </del>		
Erosion protection?	+-			
c. Spillway Channel:	$+ \overline{\sim}$	_	20'W 30'L 0% Slope 4.2' below	re)
Are side slopes eroding?	+\$		Rills from R.A & dam	
Are side slopes sloughing?	+^	Х		
Bottom of channel eroding?		×		
Obstructed?		×		
Erosian protection?	+	×		
d. Outflow Channel:	1×	1	20' W ~ 300 + 8%. Slope	
Are side slopes eroding?	1	X		
Are side slopes sloughing?	+	×		
Bottom of channel eroding?		×		
Obstructed?		×	<del></del>	
Erosion protection?	+-	×		
e. Weir:		X		
Condition?	+	<del>                                     </del>		
Conditions		1		
7. SPILLWAY/EMERGENCY				
1. De limeta, manomio	1		/ /	
a. Location:			I NA /	
Left abutment?				
Right abutment?	+			
Crest of Embankments?				
b. Approach Channel:	<u> </u>	$\vdash$		
Are side slopes eroding?	+			
Are side slopes sloughing?				
Bottom of channel eroding?				
Obstructed?				
Erosion protection?				
c. Spillway Channel:			/	
Are side slopes eroding?				
Are side slopes sloughing?				
Bottom of channel eroding?				
Obstructed?	$\top$			
Erosion protection?	$\neg$			
d. Outflow Channel:	$\top$			
Are side slopes eroding?				
Are side slopes sloughing?				
Bottom of channel eroding?				
Obstructed?				
Erosion protection?	$\top$			
e. Weir:				
Condition?		7		
		7		

Sediment Impoundment Name: Tyzk-G

ITEM	YES N	0		REMARKS		
3. IMPOUNDMENT						
a. Sinkholes?		<u>×</u>	(Elev.)			feet
b. Water present?	×		(Elev.)			feet
c. Siltation?	X					
d. Watershed matches soil map?		<u> </u>				
Recently graded up sique by WKW		1				
		_			-	
			•	<del>-</del>		

Canopy 25 % Ground 35 %

# APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

# TIME OF CONCENTRATION

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE = 6905 - 6803 = 102 ft.

WATER (CLUSE LEIDENTH = 4.0 (400) - 1600 ft, = 0.303 mi,  $1c = \left(\frac{11.9 (6.303)}{102}\right)^{0.385} = 0.110 hr$ .

LAG TIME =  $0.16 T_c = 0.066 hr$ .

# SCS CUEUE NUMBER

DRAINAGE	iover	Hydrolocic	Solu	UEIGHTED
AREA (ac)	TKPE	(ONDITION)	TYPE	Curus Number
27.3	disturbed		C	91 (.46)
25.5	P-J	average	C	78 (. 43)
6.6	5-6-	average	C	73(-11)
		(00 % EH	#26	83.4
				use 84

CHECKED BY CHECKED BY

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA

59.4 ACRE 0.093 SO MILE

UNIVERSAL SOIL LOSS EQUATION

KAINTALL FACTOR

K= 40

SOIL ERODIBILITY FACTOR

Soil Tire = 100% = #26 = .32

K= .32

### SLOPE FACTOR

REVISIONS

DATE.

LENGTH (31.)	DELEU (fi)	SLOPE (%)	LS
<u> ලි</u> 00	40	5%	1.52(,3)
500	50	10	3,06 (,35
500	75	15	5.73 (.35
			= 3.53

## COVER FACTOR

_	AREA (ac)	WER TYPE	% COVER	CANOPY (913)	WEIGHTED C
	46%	disturbed	_		,46 ( a)
	43%	P-J	40	75	.43
	11%	S-G	40	<b>75</b>	11 613

EROSION CONTROL FACTOR

P= 1.0

## SEDIMENT INFLON

Dames & Moore