INSPECTION REPORT

Sedimentation Structure

J7-G

Black Mesa Mine

Navajo County, Arizona

for

PEABODY COAL COMPANY



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	rage
INTRODUCTION	1
INSPECTION	1
SITE DESCRIPTION	2
LAND USE	2
EMBANKMENT	2
ANALYSES	3
STABILITY	3
HYDROLOGY	3
HYDRAULICS	4
Spillway Channel	6
Outflow Channel	6
STORAGE CAPACITY	6
REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN	7
GEOTECHNICS	7
HYDRAULICS	8
APPENDIX A - INSPECTION CHECK LIST	
APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS	

			7.

#### INTRODUCTION

Sedimentation Structure J7-G is an earthen embankment, designed and constructed in 1981 by Peabody Coal Company as a temporary sedimentation structure to control runoff and sediment from the disturbed mining areas of the Black Mesa Mine. The location of Structure J7-G is shown on Plate 1, Site Plan.

This inspection report contains information specific to Structure J7-G. Regional site information is presented in the "General Report, Kayenta and Black Mesa Mines, Navajo County, Arizona for Peabody Coal Company," along with the methods and results of analyses used for slope stability, hydrology and hydraulics.

#### INSPECTION

Structure J7-G was inspected on September 4, 1985 by an interdisciplinary team of engineers from Dames & Moore. The purpose of the inspection was to assess the safety and general condition of the structure with respect to United States Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining (OSM) regulations.

Dames & Moore's inspection was performed in accordance with applicable 30 CFR 780 and 816 regulations and included a review of the J7-G project files and a field inspection of the structure. The most current information contained in the Peabody Coal Company files includes the 1984 and current survey data and inspections performed in 1984 and 1985 by

Peabody Coal Company. The survey data developed in August 1984 was used in the analyses of the structure. Results of the field inspection are included in this report as Appendix A.

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

#### LAND USE

Structure J7-G has a 26.7-acre tributary drainage area and is located near the Red Peak Valley at the Black Mesa Mine. The watershed is classified as 100% reclaimed land.

#### **EMBANKMENT**

Structure J7-G is a homogeneous earthen embankment classified as a sidehill embankment. Physical characteristics of the embankment are listed in the following table:

#### Structure J7-G

Embankment . . . . . Residual Sandstone Soils Foundation . . . . . Residual Sandstone Soils

Right Abutment . . . . Sandstone/Residual Sandstone Soils

Left Abutment . . . . Residual Sandstone Soils

Height . . . . . . . . 10.1 ft
Crest Width . . . . 14.0 ft
Upstream Slope . . . 2.5 H : 1 V
Downstream Slope . . . 4.25 H : 1 V

A cross-section of the embankment is shown on Plate 2, Existing Maximum Cross Section J7-G, A-A'. Grass provides erosion protection on the upstream and downstream slopes of the embankment.

#### **ANALYSES**

#### STABILITY

Structure J7-G is a category A-1 embankment. A standard category A-1 embankment has static and seismic factors of safety of 1.5 and 1.2, respectively, under the following conditions:

- 1. Maximum height = 15 ft
- 2. Maximum upstream slope = 1.75 H : 1 V
- 3. Maximum downstream slope = 3.25 H : 1 V
- 4. Normal pool with steady seepage saturation conditions

The J7-G embankment is lower in height and has flatter slopes than the category standard; therefore, the embankment has factors of safety greater than the design minimum.

#### HYDROLOGY

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers generalized computer program HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package. Structure J7-G is not in series with any other structure and therefore the spillway was analyzed using the 25-year, 6-hour storm. The storage capacity of Structure J7-G was analyzed using the 10-year, 24-hour storm.

The following parameters were used in the hydrologic analysis:

#### HYDRAULICS

The HEC-1 program was utilized to evaluate inflow, reservoir response and outflow from the sedimentation structure. The initial conditions and results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

J7-G HYDRAULICS

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow Peak Flow cfs Volume acre-ft	37 1.65	41 1.27
Storage Peak Stage ft Spillway Elevation ft Peak Storage acre-ft Storage Capacity acre-ft	6366.4 6368.3 1.65 3.20	6369.0   
Outflow Peak Flow cfs Embankment Crest Elevation ft Peak Storage ft Freeboard ft	0  	3 6370.30 6368.98 1.32
Spillway Channel Flow Depth ft Critical Velocity fps Manning's "n"	  	0.68 1.8 0.035
Outflow Channel Slope	  	9 2.4 0.08 0.035

#### Spillway Channel

The existing spillway for J7-G has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

#### Outflow Channel

The structure presently has no outflow channel.

#### STORAGE CAPACITY

The impoundment volume-elevation curve is based on site specific surveys conducted for Peabody Coal Company's August 1984 inspection, and 1985 resurveys, where available. Additionally, the most current topographic maps available were used in developing Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, J7-G.

The calculations for the sediment load entering Structure J7-G were made utilizing the Universal Soil Loss Equation with the following parameters:

- 1. Rainfall Factor, R . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
- 2. Soil Erodibility Factor, K . . . . . . 0.42
- 3. Slope Factor, LS . . . . . . . . . . 4.6
- 4. Cover Factor, C . . . . . . . . . 0.042
- 5. Erosion Control Factor, P . . . . . . 1.0

The hydrologic analysis gives the storage volume required to contain the 10-year, 24-hour storm, and the remaining storage volume available for storing sediment. The existing storage capacity of J7-G is shown on Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, J7-G, and the results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

#### J7-G STORAGE

Total Storage Capacity	3.20	acre-ft
10-year, 24-hour Storm Inflow	1.65	acre-ft
Available Sediment Storage Capacity	1.55	acre-ft
Sediment Inflow Rate	0.144	acre-ft/yr
Sediment Storage Life	11	yrs

#### REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN

#### **GEOTECHNICS**

The inspection of Structure J7-G indicated that the only geotechnical problem is minor rill erosion on the downstream face of the structure and on the sideslopes of the spillway channel. Correction of erosion is considered a periodic maintenance task and does not require remedial action.

#### HYDRAULICS

Dames & Moore's evaluation indicates that the storage and spillway capacity of Structure J7-G are adequate; however, the spillway does not have an outflow channel nor adequate erosion protection. A trapezoidal outflow channel should be constructed along the alignment B-B' shown on Plate 1. The channel profile is shown on Plate 4 and the required dimensions are shown on Plate 5. Both the spillway and outflow channel should be protected against erosion using geotextile and gravel as shown on Plate 5.

\* \* \*

The following plates and appendix are attached and complete this inspection report.

Plate 1 - Site Plan J7-G

Plate 2 - Existing Maximum Cross Section J7-G, A-A'

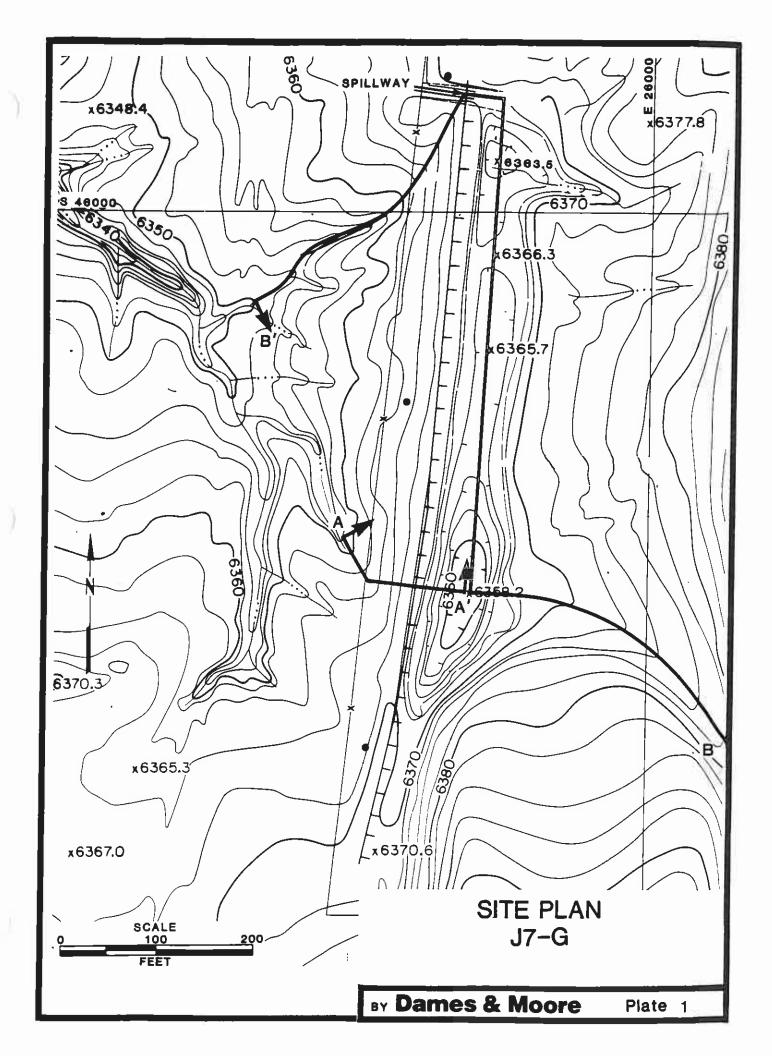
Plate 3 - Volume-Elevation Curve J7-G

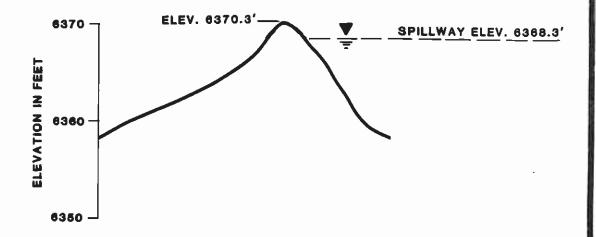
Plate 4 - Channel Profile J7-G, B-B'

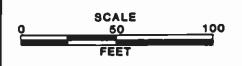
Plate 5 - Spillway and Outflow Channel Cross Section J7-G

Appendix A - Inspection Check List

Appendix B - Hydrology and Hydraulic Calculations







FOR LOCATION SEE PLATE 1

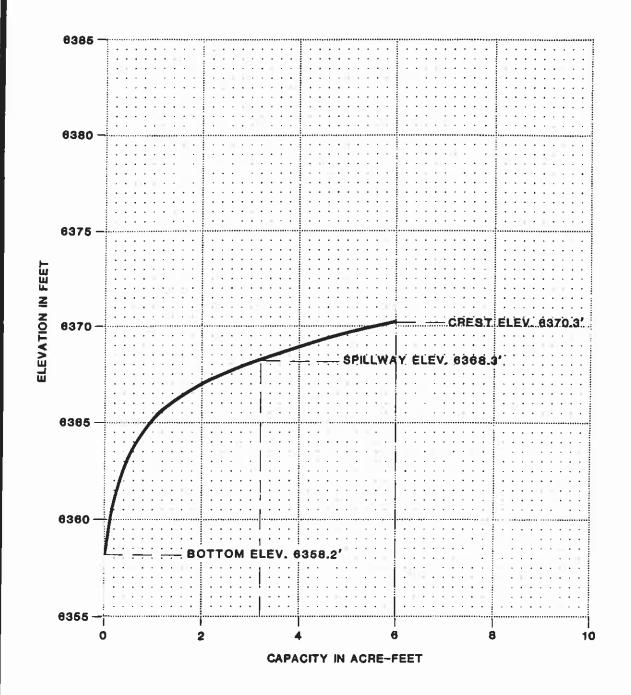
EXISTING
MAXIMUM CROSS-SECTION

J7-G

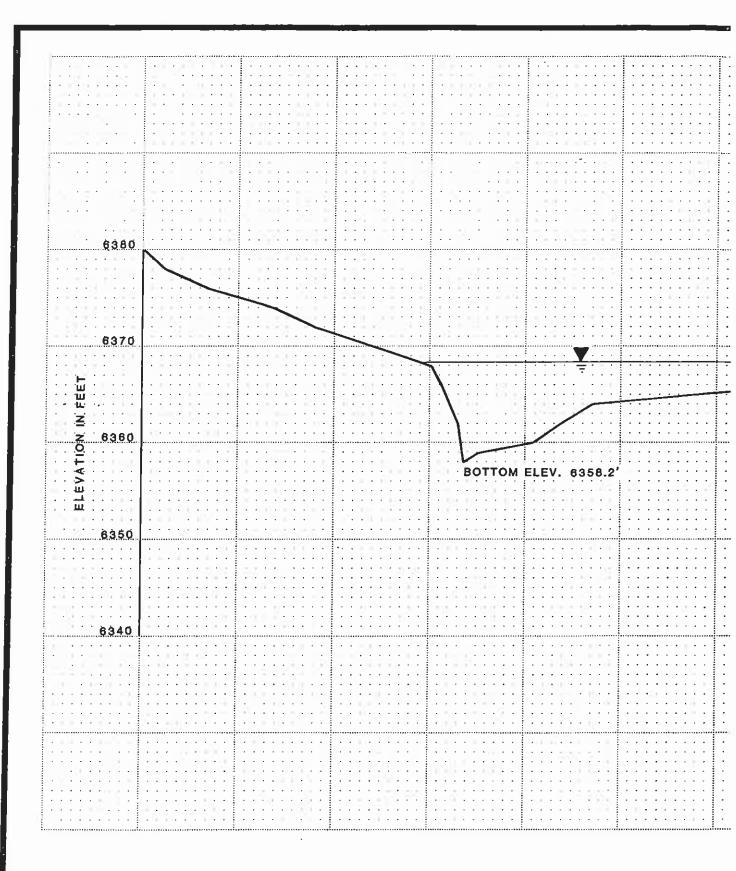
A-A'

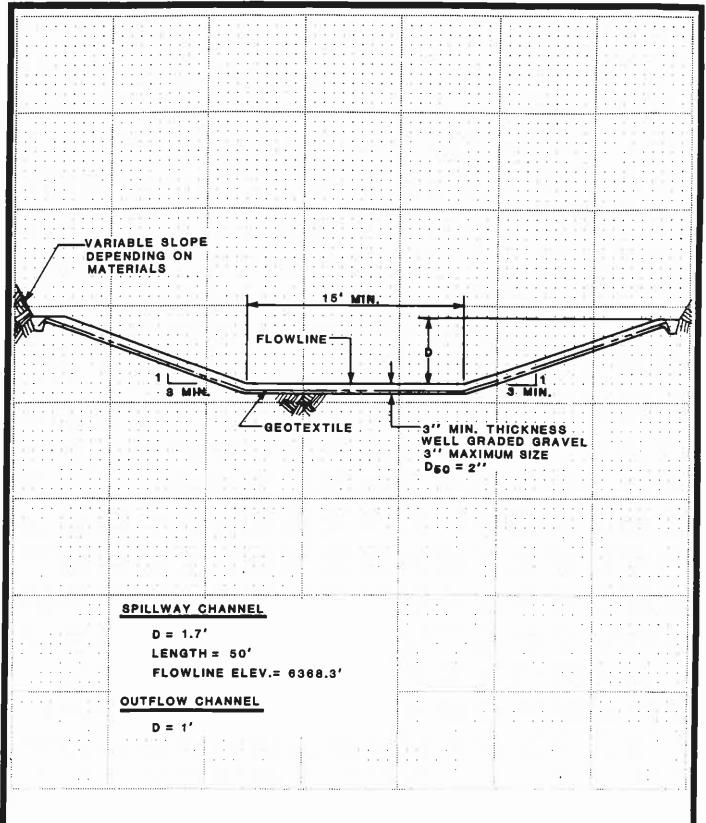
**BY Dames & Moore** 

Plate 2



VOLUME-ELEVATION CURVE J7-G





SPILLWAY AND OUTFLOW CHANNEL CROSS SECTION J7-G

**Dames & Moore** 

Plate :

# APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Sediment Impoundment Name: 37-6

#### INSPECTION CHECK LIST

ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS
TIET	1123	140	101 Mail
1. CREST			
a. Any visual settlements?		×	Overgrown with avays
b. Misalignment?		X	
c. Cracking?		×	
			-
2. UPSTREAM SLOPE			
a. Adequate grass cover?	$\times$		
b. Any erosion?			
c. Are trees growing on slope?		$\times$	
d. Longitudinal cracks?		$\searrow$	
e. Transverse cracks?			
f. Adequate riprap protection?	X		grass
g. Any stone deterioration?			NA
h. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	
i. Visual settlements?		X	
i. Animal burrows?	·	Ž	
3. DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	,		13.
a. Adequate grass cover?	X		
b. Any erosion?	$\geq$		Z1 5
c. Are trees growing on slope?		X	
d. Longitudinal cracks?		$\times$	
e. Transverse cracks?		$\times$	
f. Visual depressions or bulges?		$\times$	
g. Visual settlements?		$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	
h. Is the toe drain dry?			NA
i. Are the relief wells flowing?			1)ê
j. Are boils present at the toe?		X	
k. Is seepage present?		X	
1. Animal burrows?		X	-
4. ABUTMENT CONTACT. RIGHT			22°
a. Any erosion?		X	
b. Visual differential movement?		Ź	·
c. Any cracks noted?		$\langle \hat{\mathbf{y}} \rangle$	
d. Is seepage present?		$\mathcal{L}$	
e. Type of Material?			brus < M
5. ABUTMENT CONTACT. LEFT			Di Go
a. Any erosion?		X	
b. Visual differential movement?		X	
c. Any cracks noted?		$\times$	
d. Is seepage present?		X	
e. Type of Material?			5/11 1200 JV

Sediment Impoundment Name: 37-G
Page: 5

ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS
6. SPILLWAY/NORMAL		ŀ	
a. Location:		ł	
Left abutment?	_		
Right abutment?		1	
Crest of Embankments?	_	_	
b. Approach Channel:	1	X	
Are side slopes eroding?			AA
Are side slopes sloughing?			
Bottom of channel eroding?			
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			
c. Spillway Channel:	$\supset$		
Are side slopes eroding?	X		Sm Rils
Are side slopes sloughing?		X	
Bottom of channel eroding?		X	·
Obstructed?		X	
Erosion protection?		${\boldsymbol{\boxtimes}}$	
d. Outflow Channel:		$\boxtimes$	
Are side slopes eroding?			NA
Are side slopes sloughing?			
Bottom of channel eroding?			
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			
e. Weir:		X	
Condition?			
			•
7. SPILLWAY/EMERGENCY			10
			NH
a. Location:	4		/
Left abutment?			
Right abutment?	-		<del></del>
Crest of Embankments?	4		
b. Approach Channel:	$\perp$		
Are side slopes eroding?	+		
Are side slopes sloughing?	+		
Bottom of channel eroding?	$\rightarrow$		
Obstructed?			<del>/</del>
Erosion protection? c. Spillway Channel:	+ +		<del></del>
	+ -		<del></del>
Are side slopes eroding?  Are side slopes sloughing?	+ +	$\rightarrow$	
Bottom of channel eroding?	+ +		
Obstructed?	+	$\rightarrow$	<del>/</del>
	+	+	
Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel:		-	
Are side slopes eroding?		-	
Are side slopes eroding?  Are side slopes sloughing?	+	-	/
Bottom of channel eroding?	+ +		<del>/</del>
Obstructed?		-/	··
Erosion protection?	++	$\mathcal{H}$	
e. Weir:	+ +	<del>-  </del>	
Condition?	+/	+	
COUNTCION	u		

Sediment Impoundment Name: 37.6

ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS	
8. IMPOUNDMENT		:		
a. Sinkholes?		X	(Elev.)	feet
b. Water present?	1	$\times$	(Elev.)	feet
c. Siltation?	$\geq$		Lowe	<del>_</del> _
d. Watershed matches soil map?	<u></u>	$\geq$	(Ceclained 90%	bare 10%
Canopy Cover			0%	
Ground Cover	<u> </u>	15	0/0	
		_		

## APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

### TIME OF CONCENTRATION

$$T_{c} = \left(\frac{11.9(0.152)^{3}}{23}\right)^{0.385} = 0.081 \, hr.$$

### SCS CUEUG NUMBER

BY\_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE\_\_\_\_\_CHECKED BY\_\_\_\_\_COPY TO EO\_\_\_\_\_

DRAINAGE FAGIN ALEA

26,7 AC,

0.042 SQ. MI.

BY \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ TO EO \_\_\_\_\_ BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ TO EO \_\_\_\_ UNIVERSAL Soil Loss EQUATION

RAINFALL FACTOR

R= 40

SOIL ERODIBILITY FACTOR

SOIL TYPE = 100% PECLAIMED

K= 0.42

SLOPE FACTOR

COVER FACTOR

AREA (ac) WER TYPE % COVER CANDRY (%) WEIGHTED C

EROSION CONTROL FACTOR

P=1.0

SEDIMENT INFLOW

A = 40(0.42)(415)(0.15)(0) = 11.59

ton lacre lyeur

A = 11.59 (2017) (20.7 ac) (0.75) = ,144

acre-feet/year

**Dames & Moore**