INSPECTION REPORT

Sedimentation Structure

J16-J

Kayenta Mine

Navajo County, Arizona

for

PEABODY COAL COMPANY



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INTRODUCTION

Sedimentation Structure J16-J is an earthen embankment, designed and constructed in 1983 by Peabody Coal Company as a temporary sedimentation structure to control runoff and sediment from the disturbed mining areas of the Kayenta Mine. The location of Structure J16-J is shown on Plate 1, Site Plan.

This inspection report contains information specific to Structure J16-J. Regional site information is presented in the "General Report, Kayenta and Black Mesa Mines, Navajo County, Arizona for Peabody Coal Company," along with the methods and results of analyses used for slope stability, hydrology and hydraulics.

INSPECTION

Structure J16-J was inspected on September 11, 1985 by an interdisciplinary team of engineers from Dames & Moore. The purpose of the inspection was to assess the safety and general condition of the structure with respect to United States Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining (OSM) regulations.

Dames & Moore's inspection was performed in accordance with applicable 30 CFR 780 and 816 regulations and included a review of the J16-J project files and a field inspection of the structure. The most current information contained in the Peabody Coal Company files includes the 1984 and current survey data and inspections performed in 1984 and 1985 by

Peabody Coal Company. The survey data developed in August 1984 was used in the analyses of the structure. Results of the field inspection are included in this report as Appendix A.

SITE DESCRIPTION

LAND USE

Structure J16-J has a 6.8-acre tributary drainage area and is located near Reed Valley at the Kayenta Mine. The watershed is classified as 57% disturbed and 43% Pinion/Juniper.

EMBANKMENT

Structure J16-J is a homogeneous earthen embankment classified as a cross-valley embankment. Physical characteristics of the embankment are listed in the following table:

Structure J16-J

A cross-section of the embankment is shown on Plate 2, Existing Maximum Cross Section J16-J, A-A'.

ANALYSES

STABILITY

Structure J16-J is a category A-1 embankment. A standard category A-1 embankment has static and seismic factors of safety equal to or greater than 1.5 and 1.2, respectively, under the following conditions:

- 1. Maximum height = 15 ft
- 2. Maximum upstream slope = 1.75 H : 1 V
- 3. Maximum downstream slope = 3.25 H : 1 V
- 4. Normal pool with steady seepage saturation conditions

The J16-J embankment is lower in height; however, the foundation slope is greater than 5 percent and the downstream slope is steeper than the category standard; therefore, the embankment has factors of safety less than the design minimum.

HYDROLOGY

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers generalized computer program HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package. Structure J16-J is not in series with any other structure and therefore the spillway was analyzed using the 25-year, 6-hour storm. The storage capacity of Structure J16-J was analyzed using the 10-year, 24-hour storm.

The following parameters were used in the hydrologic analysis:

0.121 mi Elevation Difference, H 39 0.055 h 0.033 h 5. 2.1 Rainfall Depth, 10-year, 24-hour storm . in. 25-year, 6-hour storm. . in. 6.8 астев

HYDRAULICS

The HEC-1 program was used to evaluate inflow to the sedimentation structure, outflow from the structure and the resulting water surface elevations. The initial conditions and results of the analysis are summarized in the following table.

J16-J HYDRAULICS

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow Peak Flow cfs Volume acre-ft	20 0.81	25 0.657
Storage Peak Stage ft Spillway Elevation ft Peak Storage acre-ft Storage Capacity acre-ft	6668.06 6673.10 0.81 2.90	6673.75 — — —
Outflow Peak Flow cfs Embankment Crest Elevation ft Peak Stage ft Freeboard ft Mannings "n"	0 	3 6674.60 6673.75 0.85 0.040
Spillway Channel Flow Depth ft		0.65

Spillway Channel

The existing spillway for Jl6-J has a trapezoidal channel with the following dimensions:

Channel	depth				٠		•			1.9	ft
Channel	width				•	•				22	ft
Channel	1ength	۱ ،						•		40	ft
Side slo											
Average											percent

There is presently no erosion protection within the channel.

Outflow Channel

The structure presently has no outflow channel.

STORAGE CAPACITY

The impoundment volume-elevation curve is based on site specific surveys conducted for Peabody Coal Company's August 1984 inspection, and 1985 resurveys, where available. Additionally, the most current topographic maps available were used in developing Plate 3, Volume-Elevation Curve, J16-J.

The calculations for the sediment load entering Structure J16-J were made utilizing the Universal Soil Loss Equation with the following parameters:

The hydrologic analysis gives the storage volume required to contain the 10-year, 24-hour storm, and the remaining storage volume available for storing sediment. The existing storage capacity of J16-J and the results of the sediment inflow analysis are summarized in the following table.

J16-J STORAGE

Total Storage Capacity	 2.90	acre-ft
10-year, 24-hour Storm Inflow	 0.81	acre-ft
Available Sediment Storage Capacity	 2.09	acre-ft
Sediment Inflow Rate	 0.035	acre-ft/yr
Sediment Storage Life	 60	VIS

REMEDIAL COMPLIANCE PLAN

GEOTECHNICS

The inspection of Structure J16-J indicated that the only geotechnical problem is rill erosion on the upstream and downstream slopes and the side slopes of the spillway channel. Correction of erosion is considered a periodic maintenance task and does not require remedial action.

The downstream slope should be flattened to 3.25 horizontal to 1 vertical to meet stability requirements. This flatter slope was selected due to a foundation slope greater than 5 percent.

HYDRAULICS

The storage capacity of Structure J16-J is adequate but the spillway capacity is inadequate. The structure does not have an adequate outflow channel. The bottom elevation of the existing spillway channel should be lowered to elevation 6672.5 while maintaining the bottom width of 20 feet as shown on Plate 5. A trapezoidal outflow channel with the same bottom width as the spillway should be constructed along the alignment shown in Plate 1. The channel profile is shown in Plate 4 and required dimensions are shown in Plate 5. Both the spillway and outflow channel should be protected against erosion using geotextile and gravel as shown in Plate 5.

Lowering the spillway elevation to 6672.5 feet decreases the storage capacity and increases the freeboard. The analysis of these conditions is summarized in the following table.

J16-J HYDRAULICS FOR REDESIGNED SPILLWAY

Units	10-year 24-hour Storm	25-year 6-hour Storm
Initial Reservoir Volume Condition	Empty	Full to the spillway elevation
Inflow Peak Flow cfs Volume acre-ft	0.81	25 0.657
Storage Peak Stage	6668.06 6672.50 0.81 2.58 1.77 0.035	6673.20 — — — —
Sediment Storage Life. yrs Outflow Peak Flow cfs Embankment Crest Elevation ft Peak Stage ft Freeboard ft	- - 	4 6674.60 6673.15 1.45
Spillway Channel Flow Depth ft Critical Velocity fps Manning's "n"	_ _ _	0.65 1.8 0.035
Outflow Channel Slope	· 	Section I Section II 13 5.5 2.6 2.1 0.07 0.10 0.035 0.035

The following plates and appendix are attached and complete this inspection report.

Plate 1 - Site Plan J16-J

Plate 2 - Existing Maximum Cross Section J16-J, A-A'

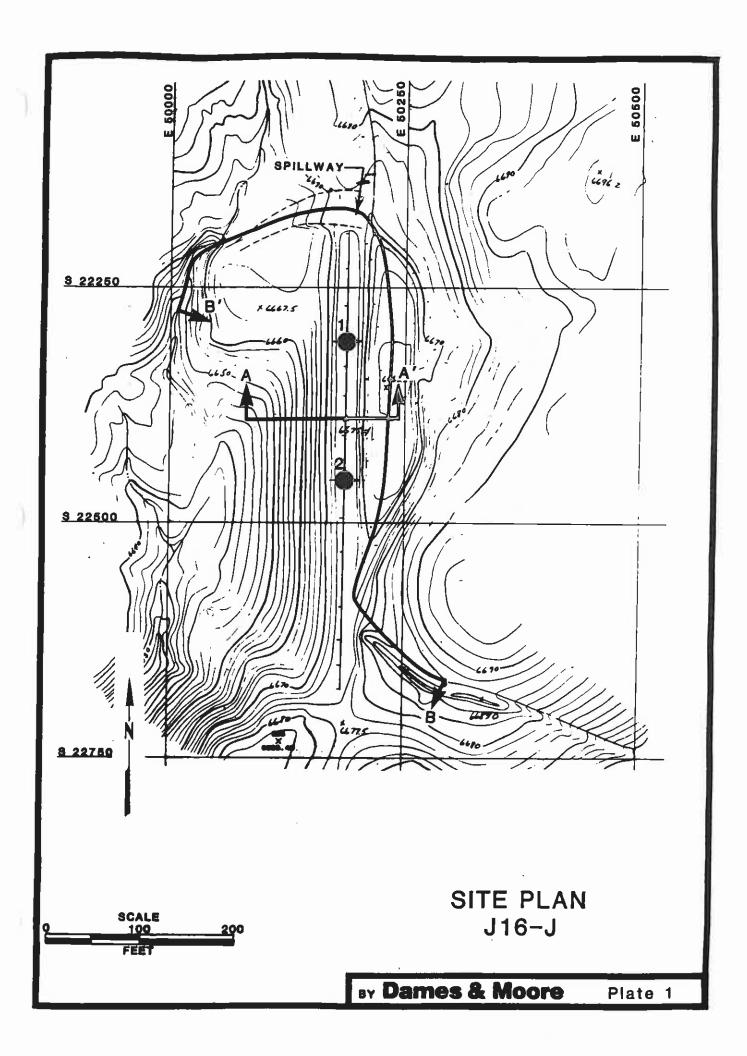
Plate 3 - Volume-Elevation Curve J16-J

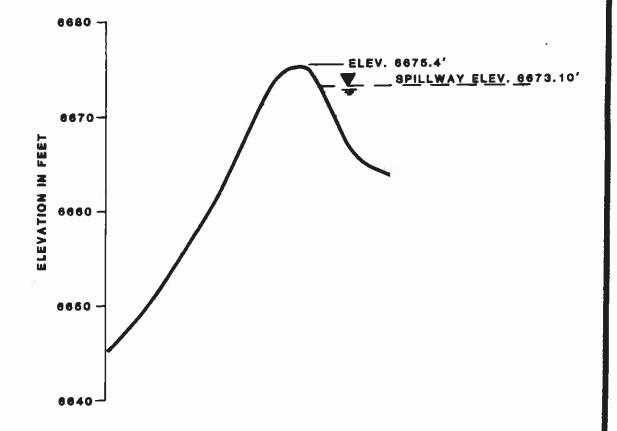
Plate 4 - Channel Profile J16-J, B-B'

Plate 5 - Spillway and Outflow Channel Cross Section J16-J

Appendix A - Inspection Check List

Appendix B - Hydrology and Hydraulic Calculations





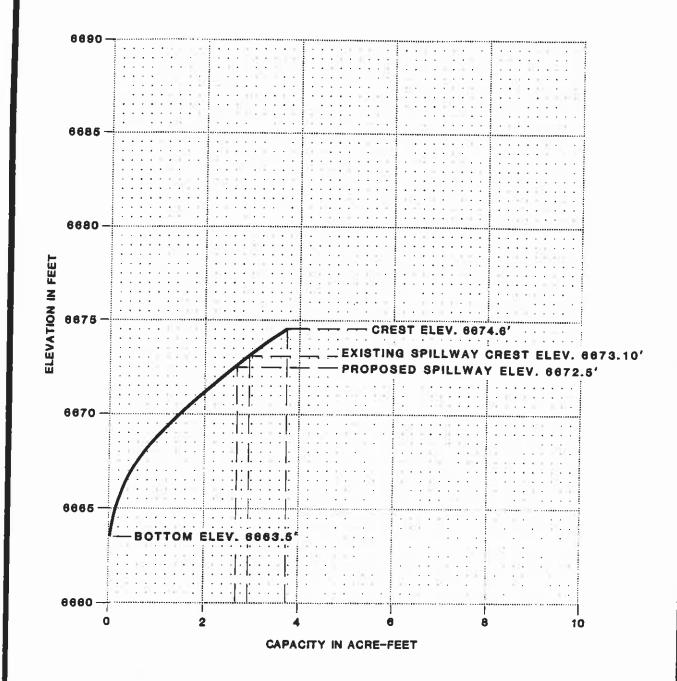


EXISTING
MAXIMUM CROSS-SECTION
A-A'
J16-J

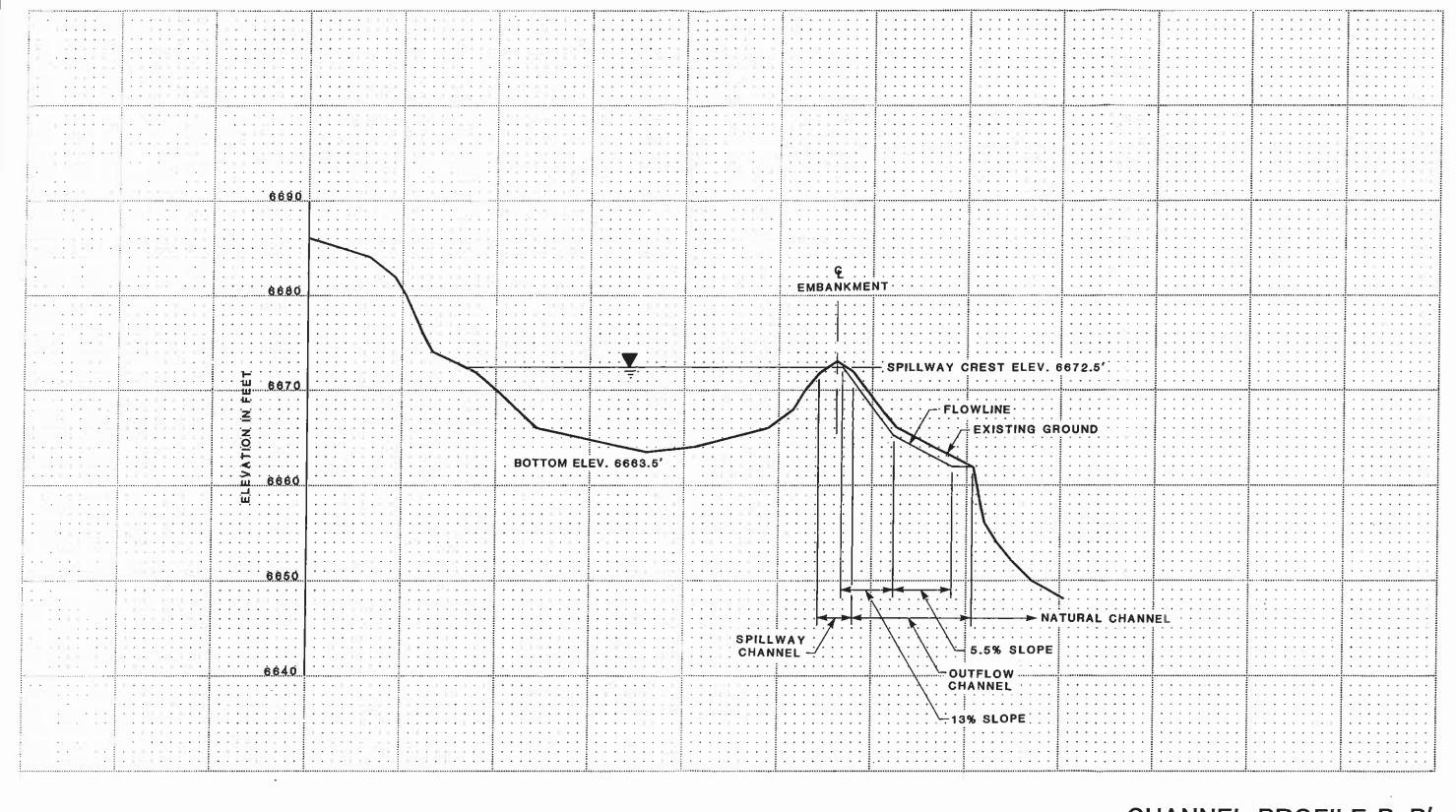
FOR LOCATION SEE PLATE 1

BY Dames & Moore

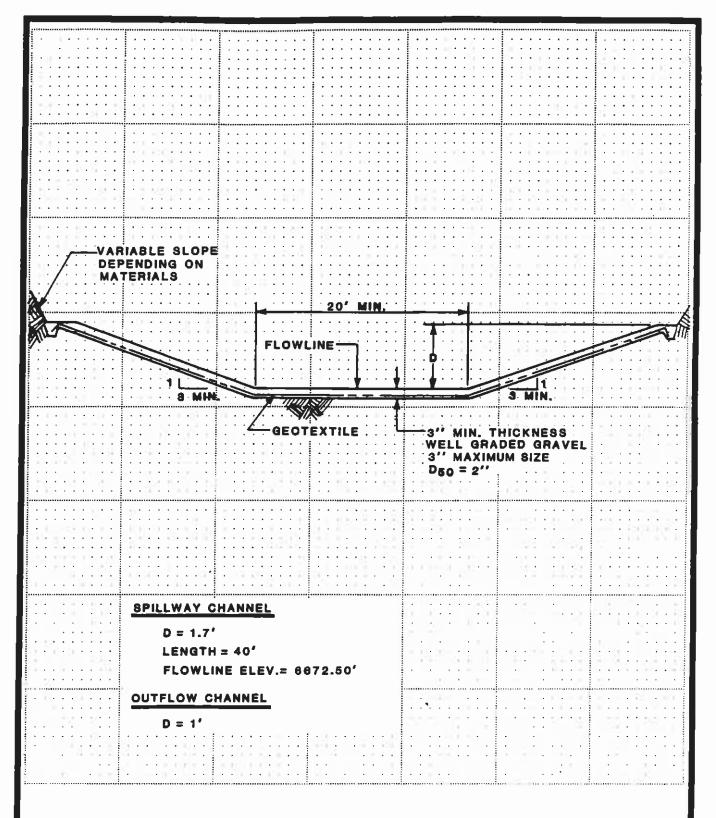
Plate 2



VOLUME-ELEVATION CURVE J16-J



9 SCALE 0 100 200 FEET CHANNEL PROFILE B-B' J16-J



SPILLWAY AND OUTFLOW CHANNEL CROSS SECTION J16-J

BY Dames & Moore

Plate 5

APPENDIX A INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Sediment Impoundment Name: 316-3
Page: 4

INSPECTION CHECK LIST

	YES	NO	REMARKS
ITEM	153		
1. CREST			ι4 'ω.
a. Any visual settlements?		X	
b. Misalignment?		X	
c. Cracking?		X	
2. UPSTREAM SLOPE			19
a. Adequate grass cover?		X	
b. Any erosion?	X		Rills
c. Are trees growing on slope?		X	
d. Longitudinal cracks?		メ	
e. Transverse cracks?		X	
f. Adequate riprap protection?		X_	
g. Any stone deterioration?			NA
h. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	
i. Visual settlements?		X.	
. Animal burrows?	-	X	 -
3. DOWNSTREAM SLOPE			28
a. Adequate grass cover?		X	
b. Any erosion?	X		Rils
c. Are trees growing on slope?		X	
d. Longitudinal cracks?	<u> </u>	X.	
e. Transverse cracks?		X	
f. Visual depressions or bulges?		X	
g. Visual settlements?	-	X	
h. Is the toe drain dry?	1		NA
i. Are the relief wells flowing?			NA.
j. Are boils present at the toe?		X	
k. Is seepage present?		X	
1. Animal burrows?	_	×	
4. ABUIMENT CONTACT. RIGHT	ı	.,	
a. Any erosion2		X,	
b. Visual differential movement?		Ϋ́	
c. Any cracks noted?		X	
d. Is seepage present?	_	X	L LC . CoA
e. Type of Material?			brown/gray SM
5. ABUIMENT CONTACT. LEFT			,
a. Any erosion?		X	
b. Visual differential movement?		X	
c. Any cracks noted?		X	
d. Is seepage present?		X	
e. Type of Material?			braus SM

Sediment Impoundment Name: 316-3
Page: 5

ITEM	YES	NO	REMARKS
. SPILLWAY/NORMAL			
a. Location:			1
Left abutment?			
Right abutment?	X		
Crest of Embankments?			
b. Approach Channel:		X	
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes sloughing?			
Bottom of channel eroding?			NA
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			•
c. Spillway Channel:	X		1.9 below eyer Att 22' W
Are side slopes eroding?	X		إكنالاه
Are side slopes sloughing?		X	
Bottom of channel eroding?		×	
Obstructed?	T	X	
Erosion protection?		X	
d. Outflow Channel:		X	
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes sloughing?			
Bottom of channel eroding?			104
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			4
e. Weir:		×	
Condition?			
. SPILLWAY/EMERGENCY			
·			M
a. Location:			NH
Left abutment?	\perp		
Right abutment?			
Crest of Embankments?	$oldsymbol{oldsymbol{\perp}}$		
b. Approach Channel:			
Are side slopes eroding?	$oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$		
Are side slopes sloughing?			/
Bottom of channel eroding?	$oxed{oxed}$		
Obstructed?			
Erosion protection?			
c. Spillway Channel:	\rightarrow		
Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel:			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel: Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel: Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel: Are side slopes eroding?			
Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel: Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed?			
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Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding? Obstructed? Erosion protection? d. Outflow Channel: Are side slopes eroding? Are side slopes sloughing? Bottom of channel eroding?			

Sediment Impoundment Name: 316-3

ITEM	YES NO	REMARKS	
8. IMPOUNDMENT			
a. Sinkholes?	X_	(Elev.)	feet
b. Water present?	X	(Elev.)	feet
c. Siltation?			
d. Watershed matches soil map?	X		

Comopy 20 Grand 25

APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

BY _____ DATE ____ TO E0 ____ BY _____ DATE ____ TO E0 ____

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE =
$$6712 - 6673 = 39$$

WATER COURSE LEDGETH = 1.6 in = 640 ft = 0.121 m.; 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6 in = 1.6

SCS CUEUG NUMBER

DRAINAGE	COUER	HYDROLOGIC	Soil	WEIGHTED
ARTA (ac)	TYPE	HOITIDAO	TYPE	CURUE NUMBER
2,9	1-5	poor	D	89 (.43)
3,9	Distarbel		D	94 (57)
				91.85

100% EH #22

use 92

TO EO

DRAINAGE BASIN AREA

6.8 ACOS 0,0H

DATE _____ TO E0 _____
DATE _____ TO E0 ____

UNIVERSAL SOIL LOSS EQUATION

RAINFALL FACTOR

R= 40

SOIL ERODIBILITY FACTOR

SOIL TYPE = 100% EN #22 =, 22

K= .22

SLOPE FACTOR

COUER FACTOR

EROSION CONTROL FACTOR

P=1.0

SEDIMENT INFLOW

Dames & Moore